

FARMERS PREPARE GROUND FOR CORN

With Favorable Weather Much of the Seed Will be Planted by the Latter Part of Next Week.

SPRING RAINS BENEFICIAL

Orchardists Predict a Bumper Apple Crop in This County This Summer—Wheat in Good Condition.

Farmers in this county are preparing the ground for corn and with favorable weather it is expected that much of the seed will be planted by the latter part of next week. The recent rains are said to have been a benefit as the soil is now easily worked and many hundreds of acres will be ready for the seed soon. It is reported that a few farmers are making arrangements to plant the seed this week if the ground is in the right condition and others will begin work next week. Jackson county farmers have given more attention to selecting good seed corn this year than ever before according to the reports of the dealers. It is said that the demand for high grade, perfect seed has been very heavy. The farmers realize that the best crop cannot be grown unless the seed is selected with care and they have found it profitable to purchase none but the best. The quality of corn in this county is expected to rate high this fall as a result of the care with which the seed has been selected.

From all parts of the county come the reports that the wheat is in excellent condition. The winter was favorable for the grain and it is showing much vigor this spring. The rains have been a benefit to the wheat fields as some of them were in need of moisture.

While some of the farmers were unable to sow oats when they expected, it is said that the fields are in good condition. Some of the farmers in the lowlands were unable to sow their oats at the proper time and the delay may seriously affect the total crop.

Unless something unforeseen happens there will be a bumper apple crop in Jackson county this year. Last summer the crop was cut down by the blight and an insect which worked on the fruit. Orchardists have sprayed against these this year, however, and the trees are loaded with blossoms. It is reported that the blooms are heavier this spring than for several years indicating that the crop will be large.

At the Kingston Orchard, east of the city, it is expected that the crop this year will equal that of 1910 when all previous records were broken. The trees have been given several sprays this year and another will be applied as soon as the petals fall. Practically all the orchards of any size in the county are being cared for scientifically and as a result the quality of apples has been greatly improved and the prices are much in advance of that paid a few years ago when the quality was inferior.

According to some of the reports the cherries have been killed. Others say that the crop will be about the average and only a small percentage

of the blooms were injured by the cold. There will be a shortage of peaches this summer, say the orchardists, as the buds were killed during the extreme cold days of the winter.

REDDING TOWNSHIP FARMER IS SUDDENLY STRICKEN

John Sullivan, Aged 58 Years, Died of Cerebral Hemorrhage Caused by Over Exertion.

John Sullivan, aged fifty-eight years, a former resident of this city, died suddenly Wednesday evening at his home, one and one-half miles north of Reddington. His death was caused by a cerebral hemorrhage resulting from over exertion. He had worked in the field during the day and was apparently in the best of health until a few minutes before he was stricken.

After the day's work was completed Mr. Sullivan drove his team to the barn lot and entered the house. A short time afterwards he noticed that the horses were in a neighbor's wheat field and went over after them. Soon after he returned home he fell to the floor in a faint and did not regain consciousness. Mrs. Sullivan and her daughter-in-law called to his son who immediately summoned a physician. Mr. Sullivan had died before the doctor arrived. The coroner was called and after an inquest pronounced that his death was due to cerebral hemorrhage.

The deceased is survived by his widow and one son. He also leaves two brothers, Jess Sullivan, of Cortland, and Walker Sullivan, of Columbus, and one sister, Mrs. Baker, of Jonesville.

The funeral will occur at Waymansville.

ENDLESS LETTER IS BEING CIRCULATED IN SEYMOUR

Disaster is Predicted Upon Any One Who Fails to Send Copies of Note to Others.

A number of persons in this city have received copies of a chain letter which forecasts fifty-seven different varieties of calamities unless the recipient sends a certain number of copies within a certain time. The text of the letter is similar to those that have been circulated here at various other times. The letters were reported to have been in circulation at Washington and other cities in Indiana recently and some one probably sent one or more copies here.

It is contrary to the postal regulations to send such letters through the mail and any one who does so takes the risk of being fined. All such letters are anonymous and the department ruled several years ago that they should not be carried in the mail.

Injuries Serious.

Charles Foist, of Redding township, who was seriously injured Wednesday afternoon when he was kicked in the face by a horse, was brought to the Seymour Hospital and underwent an operation. His injuries are serious but it is thought he will recover unless complications arise. His jaw was broken and his upper lip was cut in two.

Council Meeting.

The city council will meet in regular session tonight and it is expected that final action will be taken on the resolutions providing for the improvement of several streets. Other matters will be presented.

VETERAN IS ACTIVE AT AGE OF 84 YEARS

John A. Weaver is One of the Oldest and Most Enthusiastic Members of Ellsworth Post G. A. R.

IS NATIVE OF SCOTT COUNTY

Served One Term as G. A. R. Department Inspector—Has Been a Resident of Seymour Since 1872.

One of the oldest and most enthusiastic members of Ellsworth Post G. A. R. is John A. Weaver, familiarly known to his many acquaintances as "Captain" Weaver. Although he is eighty-four years of age he keeps in constant touch with the work of the post and is one of the regular attendants at the meetings. For a number of years he has given particular attention to the Grand Army law and is considered an authority on the rules and regulations.

Mr. Weaver has many friends in Scott county where he was born February 10, 1830. He was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Weaver but his father died when he was a small boy and it fell to him to provide for his mother and himself. During his youth he worked on the farm, attending school as he could and educating himself in other ways as the opportunities were presented.

On March 15, 1849 Mr. Weaver was united in marriage to Miss Phoebe Faulkner and in the following year he learned the gunsmith's trade at New Frankfurt. He remained at Frankfurt until 1852 when he removed to Reddington, this county, and followed his trade there until 1853. He then returned to Scott county and again engaged in his trade at Vienna after farming for a year.

In 1860 Mr. Weaver was elected sheriff of Scott county. His election signified his popularity in that community as he had the distinction of being the first Republican to hold a county office in Scott county. After being chosen by the people as sheriff he moved to Lexington, then the county seat, and remained there for two years until his term of office expired.

In 1862 Mr. Weaver was appointed and commissioned as Second Lieutenant by Governor Morton as a recruiting officer and established his headquarters in Scott county. After serving a few months in this capacity he surrendered his commission and enlisted as a private soldier in Company K, Sixty-sixth Indiana Regiment of Volunteer Infantry. He became clerk to the division ordinance officer and as such issued the ammunition to sixteen regiments in the division. It was also his duty as such clerk to take charge of the guns of the dead and wounded soldiers after battle.

Mr. Weaver was detailed on a number of important commissions, one of which was the transfer of a train of ten cars, loaded with arms, artillery harness and other equipment, from Rome, Ga. to Nashville, Tenn. Mr. Weaver was with Sherman's army when it fought its way to Atlanta, but there the ordinance department was consolidated with the Post at Rome and he was transferred to that place. While Sherman was engaged in the

(Continued on page 8, column 2).

WORD RECEIVED OF DEATH OF FRANK BROWNING, JR.

Employee of Railroad Company in Illinois, Victim of Fatal Accident Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Browning, Sr., of Brownstown, received a message Wednesday night that their son, Frank Browning, Jr., had met with a fatal accident at Palestine, Illinois. The first message stated that he was in a critical condition and urged them to come immediately. Before they could leave, however, a second message was received that he was dead.

Although no particulars were given in the telegrams, it is thought that Mr. Browning was the victim of a railroad accident. He left Brownstown about a year ago to accept employment on a road out of Palestine and had worked with the company since that time. He was unmarried and was about thirty years of age. His brother lives at Palestine and the messages concerning the accident were sent by him. The remains are expected to reach Brownstown this afternoon. The brother of the deceased will accompany them from Palestine.

RESIDENCE OF JAMES ROBERTS, NEAR MEDORA, IS DESTROYED

No Insurance Carried on House and \$80 Concealed in Feather Bed Also Burned.

The two-story frame residence of James Roberts, one-half mile east of Medora, was destroyed by fire early this morning. The building was burned to the ground but the furniture on the first floor was saved. All the furniture on the second floor was lost.

The fire started from a defective flue, it is believed, and spread rapidly. In a few minutes after the fire was discovered it had made such headway that the neighbors who hastened to assist the family were unable to reach the second floor. There was no insurance on either the house or the furniture. Eighty dollars in paper money concealed in one of the feather beds was burned.

THREE AUTOISTS ESCAPED INJURY WHEN CAR LEFT ROAD

Machine Driven by Clyde McGowan in Accident North of City—Struck Huge Boulder.

Clyde McGowan, Alfred Reynolds and Roy Roegge had a narrow escape from injury in an automobile accident Wednesday night when the machine left the road near the Seymour Chair Factory and struck a large boulder. Mr. McGowan had recently purchased the car and was at the wheel at the time of the accident.

In rounding a curve in the road the car was steered into the ditch and collided with a large rock. Reynolds and Roegge were in the rear seat and were thrown from the car when it hit the boulder. Neither was seriously hurt although Roegge fell on his side and for a time feared that several ribs were fractured. McGowan escaped injury. The front springs of the machine were broken and it was otherwise damaged.

Notice C. W. B. M.

All members who are going to the meeting Saturday afternoon which is to meet with Mrs. Rider at Crothersville, are requested to meet at the interurban station at 2 o'clock.

Everyone reads the Want Ads.



If Time Hangs Heavy on your hands you will find it profitable to look over our large and attractive assortment of high grade Jewelry, including Gold and Silver Watches. Wedding and engagement rings, chains, cameos, brooches, lockets, earrings, pendants, silver plate, etc. We have a lot of very attractive and unusual designs in match-safes, souvenir spoons, etc. GEO. F. KAMMAN, Optometrist. T. M. JACKSON, Jeweler.

FUNSTON'S TROOPS RELIEVE MARINES

Fifth Brigade Marches to Sandhill Barracks at Vera Cruz—Blue Jackets Return to Ships.

CIVIL GOVERNMENT RESTORED

Will Remain Subordinate to Martial Law Until Municipal Organization is Restored.

Vera Cruz, April 30—Vera Cruz went back to civil government today, under the laws of Mexico, administered by American officials. The civil government, however, remained subordinate to martial law while the work of restoring the municipal organization went forward.

General Frederick Funston's brigade trooped off the transports and marched to the sandhill barracks and other quarters to relieve Rear-Admiral back to the men-of-war. Funston established his headquarters in the barracks deserted by General Maas and Fletcher withdrew his staff. The marine corps was distributed to work with the army.

Refugees continued to arrive, and preparations were being carried forward for their departure. The navy transport Hancock today was lying at Puerto Mexico to take aboard those coming down from Mexico City. She was to bring them here for transportation to New Orleans and other ports on the transports Monterey and Morro Castle. Late last night the refugees from Mexico City had not arrived at Puerto Mexico. It could not be learned where they were detained, but it was known that in the surrounding country there was no evidence of Federal activity. Consul Canada's advices from General Maas indicated the latter was far inland and close to Mexico City.

Continued reports of renewed fighting at Tampico, that the battleships Utah and Florida were being held in readiness to sail and that the Dixie was loading with marines for that port, all lacked official confirmation. Official circles generally understood some ships might go to Tampico when the crews were full after the complete withdrawal of bluejackets from shore.

Vera Cruz, roused from its tropical drowse by the street battle and landing of foreign forces, has gone back to its lethargy, its dancing and its promenading through the plaza.

There are no evidence here that Mexico is in the throes of a crisis. The shops, scarred by rifle balls, are busy again reaping the harvest of foreign invasion gains. Women, who hid in terror of what they believed would be the consequences of landing of foreign troops, walk again safely abroad. Men, who held closely to walls in fear and danger of snipers, now go boldly about their business. The inhabitants have taken a new and enlightened view of the Americans. They have learned that the troops have come neither to loot nor ravish, but to govern.

Mexicans of the better class openly expressed gratification at the restoration of order and the resumption of business.

The progress of mediation was unknown here, but was discussed with animation. Opinion among competent observers was divided, some be-

lieving that Huerta, by accepting the proposal for mediation in spirit as reported in Washington dispatches, was playing for more time.

LETTER TELLS OF EXCITING TIMES AT EL PASO LAST WEEK

M. F. Bottorff Receives Letter From His Daughter Who Explains Conditions in Texas.

M. F. Bottorff has received a letter from his daughter, who lives at El Paso, Texas, relative to preparations for battle which were made there last week.

The letter reads: "Dear Folks:

"After our week of intense excitement I shall try to call my wits together and answer your letter. Last Thursday it seemed that battle was meant for sure. The unloading of soldiers and the throwing up of entrenchments indicated trouble. The Mexicans here outnumbered the Americans at this place and at this time. They are the ignorant class but are the ones that are causing the bloodshed. Every citizen was called upon and in side of an hour came. Two thousand rifles were sold Thursday. They would allow no one to stop on the street corners to talk and every Mexican was kept on the go. The excitement was so high the bursting on auto tires would make people jump as though they were shot. Just the crook of one drunken man would have meant trouble and death in El Paso. A line of heavy artillery was drawn up on either side of the river. Friday morning dawned with almost the same excitement. The 13th cavalry camped in the plaza all night and while going back to the border the band played. Men and women yelled and actually it seemed to me they had hearts determined to die for their cause.

I think the things have quieted down here. The fighting King is across the river and no one knows for what purpose although he says he is not for war.

SIGNATURES TO PLEDGE CARDS BEING SECURED

School Children Are Making an Active Canvass in the Interest of Clean-up Campaign.

The campaign for the observance of Clean-up Week May 4-9 in Seymour started in earnest today when the school children of the public and parochial schools began securing signatures to the pledge cards. The cards are being presented to the property owners for their signatures. The card is a simple agreement for each person to clean up their premises and alleys adjoining and have the rubbish and debris ready for hauling by the teams not later than early Saturday morning, May 9th. The school children have taken hold of the work in real earnest and are securing signatures rapidly. A prize of a potted plant is given to each pupil who secures five signatures to the pledge cards. When a pupil secures more than five signatures, a plant is given for each five signatures brought in. The children are pushing the canvass aggressively and every person in Seymour will have the opportunity to join in this movement which is seeking to help beautify our splendid city.

Fred Thias is quite ill at his home on West McDonald street.

Every shot made with your Kodak loaded with Vulcan film is a picture. We sell Vulcan film and develop it free. Platter & Co.

CLEAN AS YOUR KITCHEN

Is our sanitary fountain, and we use as much care in making our Soda as you do in cooking your meals.

SPECIAL Strawberry Fruit Sundae—whipped cream.

H. H. CARTER Successor to The Andrews Drug Co. The Rexall Store

SPECIAL This Week

Ladies' 50c Gingham Aprons, stripes and figured 39c

Made full and roomy This Week Only HOADLEY'S

DREAMLAND No. 1— "OUR MUTUAL GIRL"

(Reliance Series No. 8) No. 2 & No. 3—"KATHLEEN THE IRISH ROSE"

(Thanouser 2 Reel Feature) Don't miss "Our Mutual Girl" tonight. Most popular picture of the day

Five Dollars IN SILVER GIVEN AWAY Each Friday Night Floor Rugs Special Saturday 25c THE BEE HIVE

MAYES' MAJESTIC TONIGHT

Vaudeville and Pictures "WAGONER & MANNIS" Song Writing Harmonists. Introducing High Class Singing and Good Refined Comedy, Featuring Their Own Songs.

THE ADVENTURES OF KATHLYN NO. 2

This being the 2nd of the series entitled "THE TWO ORDEALS," in two feature reels, don't fail to see each of the series and remember the dates of each, which will make this wonderful photoplay interesting to you.

No. 3 of this series will be seen at this theatre on Thursday, May 14th

Also a Vitaphone Drama "THE IDLER," featuring Rose Topley. Prices—Lower Floor 10c. Balcony 5c REMEMBER \$5.00 IN GOLD GIVEN AWAY EVERY FRIDAY NIGHT.

Mayes' Cash Grocery Phone 658. Free Delivery.

WOMAN REFUSES OPERATION

Tells How She Was Saved by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Logansport, Ind.—"My baby was over a year old and I bloated till I was a burden to myself. I suffered from female trouble so I could not stand on my feet and I felt like millions of needles were pricking me all over. At last my doctor told me that all that would save me was an operation, but this I refused. I told my husband to get me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I would try it before I would submit to any operation. He did so and I improved right along. I am now doing all my work and feeling fine.

"I hope other suffering women will try your Compound. I will recommend it to all I know."—Mrs. DANIEL D. B. DAVIS, 110 Franklin St., Logansport, Ind.

Since we guarantee that all testimonials which we publish are genuine, it is not fair to suppose that if Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has the virtue to help these women it will help any other woman who is suffering in a like manner?

If you are ill do not drag along until an operation is necessary, but at once take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND. Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold Seal Boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

CHAS. E. GILLESPIE, M. D.

Practice limited to diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat and Fitting Glasses. Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m. Andrews Building Phone 245 SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

E. A. DECKER

GENERAL HOUSE PAINTING. I can save you money on your next painting job. S. E. Cor. Fifth & Pine Sts. Phone 217 Seymour, Indiana.

CLEVELAND CHANGES FROM CENTRAL TO EASTERN TIME

Railroads to Operate Schedule on Old Time and Same Confusion is Expected.

By United Press.

Cleveland, April 30.—Amid blasts of factory whistles and city-wide celebration, Cleveland at midnight tonight will turn her watches and clocks forward one hour, signaling a change from Central to Eastern time. A score of other cities in northern Ohio also will make the change.

Instead of going to work at seven o'clock tomorrow morning thousands of workers will really answer factory whistles at 6 a. m. (central time) and will cease at 4 p. m. The primary purpose of the change, brought about by Cleveland city officials, is to give workingmen an additional hour of daylight.

Some confusion is expected in the announcement of railroads that, temporarily at least, schedules will continue to operate on central time. Thus a traveler may arise at seven, prepare his toilet, eat breakfast and take the seven o'clock train with plenty of time to spare. Others, unfamiliar with the change may arrive an hour early at the railroad station and be forced to wait. A few adjacent cities will not adopt the change with Cleveland. Railroad trains destined to these cities will in this case make the run in less than nothing—so to speak—from a standpoint of Eastern time prevailing in the city of departure.

Mayor Newton D. Baker issued a proclamation several days ago, calling on every citizen to observe the hands of his watch and clock, or clocks, and take part, if possible, in the general celebration.

Another Aviator Killed. Los Angeles, April 29.—Charles C. Roystone, an aviator, fell 800 feet at Dominguez junction, south of here, and died shortly afterward.

Mrs. C. Henneman returned to her home in Vincennes this afternoon after visiting with Mrs. G. L. Scoopmeyer for the past week.

Business Getters, "Republican Classified Ads."

CARRANZA READY FOR MEDIATION

Joins Huerta In a Peace Move.

SUSPEND HOSTILITIES

This Is Proposition Now Coming From Peace Makers.

UNCLE SAM IS QUITE WILLING

Mediators May Secure a General Adjustment In Mexico.

Mexico City, April 30.—The port of Manzanillo on the Pacific coast was bombarded by an American warship, according to a telegram received here by the Mexican minister of war, General Blanquet, from General Mier. According to General Mier's message the wharves and adjoining buildings were destroyed by shell fire.

Mexico City, April 30.—Mexico City continues quiet. A special train carrying 426 Americans left last night for Coatzacoalcas. All other Americans remaining in the city have been advised that they are at liberty to leave.

Washington, April 30.—Carranza has agreed to become a party to the mediation proceedings now under way between this government and Mexico.

The United States and Huerta have consented to what amounts to an armistice pending the mediation negotiations.

The mediators are moving now to obtain an agreement between Huerta and Carranza for the suspension of internal strife in Mexico while efforts are being made for a peaceful solution of the present crisis.

Overtures have been made by this government to both Huerta and Carranza to bring about the establishment of a neutral zone near Tampico for the protection of the big foreign oil interests there.

These are the developments in a remarkably encouraging day for the South American diplomats who are trying to bring about a peaceful settlement of the differences between Huerta and the United States and the re-establishment of orderly constitutional government in Mexico.

A Favorable Development.

Carranza's acceptance was by all odds the most favorable development that has occurred since Huerta gave his assent. The acceptance of the Constitutionalist leader of the principle of mediation was unconditional, although, like the United States and Huerta, he will have his stipulations to propose when suggestions are finally called for by the mediators.

The favorable attitude of Carranza means more than a possible adjustment of the differences between the United States and Mexico. As viewed in Washington it foreshadows the cessation of hostilities in Mexico in the near future and a real effort by Huerta and Carranza to agree upon a plan for the rehabilitation of the government of Mexico under the forms of the constitution. While the South American mediators have not yet secured a definite agreement for at least temporary peace between Carranza and Huerta, this is practically certain to follow from Carranza's acceptance.

Cessation of Hostilities.

The mediators already have proposed to Huerta a cessation of hostilities between him and Carranza, and there is good reason to believe that a similar suggestion went out to the Constitutionalist chieftains as soon as his note of acceptance had been received. While Secretary Bryan denied that there had been any definite armistice between the United States and Mexico, he made it apparent that a general understanding was in effect which would result in an entire halt in hostilities pending the present negotiations. This government could hardly enter into anything as formal as an armistice when it has contended vigorously from the start that no state of war existed between this country and Mexico. The suggestion for a definite understanding in this direction came from the mediators when Ambassador Da Gama of Brazil called at the state department. This government consented readily, with the condition, however, that assurances were to be given that in addition to a halt in military operations there would be no civil uprisings against American citizens or other untoward incidents which might prevent peace. In other words, the United States pledged itself to maintain the present military status quo.

A report that the United States gunboat Annapolis opened up with her guns on the port of Salina Cruz is not credited by the navy department.

ARNOLD SHANKLIN

Our Consul General in Mexico Giving Great Aid to Americans.



Photo by American Press Association.

THE ARMY IS NOW IN CHARGE OF AFFAIRS

Supplants Navy In Control at Vera Cruz.

Vera Cruz, April 30.—At 2 o'clock this afternoon the United States navy turned Vera Cruz over to the United States army and General Frederick Funston became commander of the forces ashore, relieving Admiral Fletcher, and Robert J. Kerr of Chicago and Mexico City became the head of the municipal government as civil governor.

The ceremonies of transfer took place in the presence of paraded battalions of sailors and marines and paraded regiments of infantrymen in the plaza. Salutes were fired as the naval flags gave way to the army flags; the soldiers and marines presented arms and the bands played.

It is officially announced that 400 Americans left Mexico City Tuesday for Coatzacoalcas, or Puerto Mexico, on the isthmus of Tehuantepec, while 426 more left last night for the same place. The Hancock has left Vera Cruz for that port to bring them back. They will arrive here tonight or tomorrow morning. It had been intended to send them to Galveston direct but families are so divided that it was thought best to gather them together here before sending them north.

Consul General Arnold Shanklin estimates that about 500 Americans remain in the capital who do not desire to come out. They have been informed by the authorities there, however, that if they change their minds trains will be available to take them to Puerto Mexico, which is a much safer route than to Vera Cruz direct. The track is unbroken and women are spared long walks around torn-up points and the trains do not pass such towns as Soledad, filled with ex-convicts; Cordoba, Tierra Blanca and other hotbeds of patriotism.

PATMONT WAS MURDERED

This Is Coroner's Conclusion in Case of Illinois "Dry" Worker.

Cleveland, April 30.—A body exhumed from the Rockport cemetery, near here, has been identified as that of the Rev. Louis Patmont, formerly of Milwaukee, who disappeared from Westville, Ill., March 31. The body of the Rev. Mr. Patmont was found on the Big Four railroad tracks, southwest of the city, April 6. The coroner decided that murder had been committed, probably on a freight train, and that the body was then thrown overboard. The identity of the dead man remained unestablished, and after several days the body was buried.

Prior to his disappearance the Rev. Mr. Patmont had been a "dry" worker in the Westville option campaign.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

Colonel Roosevelt has discovered in the Brazilian jungles a tribe of unknown naked savages who are called Pauhates.

Deputy sheriffs guarding the powder house at Ysleta, twelve miles east of El Paso, were fired on by a band of Mexicans evidently bent upon capturing the powder.

No property belonging to foreigners in territory held by the Mexican Constitutionalist will be confiscated in future, according to a statement issued by the Carranza administration.

It is believed in lake shipping circles that the steamer Benjamin Noble, its crew of twenty or more and a large cargo of railroad iron were swallowed up in the turbulent waters of storm-swept Lake Superior.

Vera Cruz is more crowded than it has ever been before and busier. The Vera Cruzans, particularly the Spanish merchants, are the happiest of all. Not only is the suspense of three years over, but they are waxing rich on the trade.

FEDERAL TROOPS NOW IN CONTROL

Enforced Peace Expected In Colorado Coal Fields.

LAST BLOODY BATTLE FOUGHT

In Final Desperate Effort on the Part of Both Sides to Have the Advantage When the Troops Arrived, Warring Factions Opened Fire at Forbes and Walsenburg and Fifteen More Were Added to the Death Toll.

Denver, April 30.—The toll levied was at least fifteen human lives in the battle yesterday which the strikers, mine guards and state militia believed to be their last opportunity to fight for supremacy of the Colorado coal fields. Federal troops took charge of the situation early this morning.

The very fact that two troops of cavalry have reached the border of the terror zone apparently not only struck the hearts of combatants on both sides with terror, but also inspired the desire of each side to be in command when the soldiers entered the field this morning. Two battles were waged yesterday, one at Forbes, fourteen miles north of Trinidad and six miles south of Ludlow, and the other at Walsenburg, where fighting had been in progress for forty-eight hours. At Forbes ten men are known to have been killed. At Walsenburg three bodies have been recovered and two more are lying on a hillside, no one daring to try to recover them. The number of injured at Walsenburg cannot be estimated. At Forbes six wounded men were taken off the field after the battle had subsided.

Inquest Begins at Ludlow.

Aside from the Forbes and Trinidad battles, the most dramatic of the day's events was the inquest begun over the bodies of twenty-five victims of the Ludlow battle, including fourteen children and two women. Dr. Asa Harvey of Aguilar, physician for the union there, testified that after the fire of the tent colony at Ludlow had virtually subsided and while the women and children lay in the safety pits, the militiamen applied torches to the inflammable canvas. The physician told the coroner's jury that he and Frank Bayes, a ranchman, witnessed the deed.

During the battle at Forbes the women and children at the mine were safe from the bullets, they having been ordered into an abandoned tunnel of the hill below the machine gun. The battle raged over a wide stretch. At the lower end of the property the mine tipples, the boiler house, the post-office and the store were burned. At the upper end of the tramway the boarding house and the stables were burned down.

The Japanese employed in the camp made a gallant stand on the boarding house and are credited with a large part of the work of saving the camp. Two of the Japanese were burned.

ARRESTED THE MOURNERS

New York Police Put Down Demonstration Against Rockefeller.

New York, April 30.—Upton Sinclair and his friends carried out their plan to make public mourning for the miners of Colorado in front of 26 Broadway. The offices of John D. Rockefeller, jr., are on the fourteenth floor and in the rear of the building there. If any impression was made on him he did not indicate it. He refused to see any of the mourners. The object of the demonstration was to get publicity, according to one of the mourners. There was an evident intention on the part of the mourners to do nothing that would get them into trouble with the police. They had been divided into groups of from four to six and they just patrolled back and forth in front of the building. They spoke to no one. They just walked up and down, each with a band of black crepe on the arm. There was no demonstration against them, but hundreds of curious eyes were trained upon them. Finally a crowd began to gather and the police ordered them to move on. The mourners refused and were placed under arrest.

Mr. Sinclair denounced his arrest, saying that it was a most appropriate thing for the mourners to parade in front of the Rockefeller office, because from there had issued the orders to crush the miners, and Mr. Rockefeller was therefore responsible for the shooting and burning of women and children. The mourners expect to continue patrolling in front of Mr. Rockefeller's office for several days. Mr. Rockefeller gave out word that he had no further comment to make on the Colorado strike.

The senate canals committee, by a vote of eight to six, ordered the house bill carrying the repeal of the free tolls provision of the Panama canal act reported to the senate.

The fortress of San Juan De Ula at Vera Cruz, noted for centuries as perhaps the foulest prison on the American continent, has been ordered to be vacated immediately.

Will R. Wood of Lafayette, state senator from Tippecanoe county, was nominated for congress by the Republicans of the Tenth Indiana district.



THE APPLIED VEST A CLEVER NEW TOUCH TO A TAILORED FROCK.

Whereas the tailored suit and frock has lost much of its old time severity, it is still trim in its lines. Among the new materials favored this season for the more practical purposes, are gabardine, mannish serge, taffetas and the new figured moires; these last are especially fascinating as, instead of the old indefinite water mark, they show dainty figures, roses, butterflies and various other designs. The vested costume shown in No. 8285-8286 is fashioned of the new rose figured moire in Egyptian brown; the fronts of the vest are cut with an extension that forms a girdle in the back, and the skirt has a circular peplum which is shorter in back, the fullness being laid in two soft box-pleats. Moire ranges in width from 38 to 45 inches and in price from

\$1.25 a yard and up. To copy this costume in size 36, requires for the bodice (8285) 2 1/4 yards of 42 inch material and for the skirt (8286) 4 yards of the same width. The young girl's dress shown in No. 8305 is fashioned of taffetas in a delicate shade of old blue. The frock closes in back, has a kimono blouse with elbow sleeves and a three-piece skirt. If a garden frock were to be made after this design it would be extremely dainty to have the foundation dress of batiste and the flounces of net. For a girl of 16, this design requires 5 1/2 yards of 36 inch material.

No. 8285—sizes 32 to 42.
No. 8286—sizes 22 to 32.
No. 8305—sizes 14 to 18.
Each pattern 15 cents.

These patterns for sale by the Racket Store. L. F. Miller.

Good Goods at Right Prices

Good taste and good construction, beautiful wood and fine finish are combined in every piece of furniture in our store. At the same time there is no greater price placed on the things.

Call today and let us show you how moderately the things are priced.

Don't forget us on rugs, we have a large line that is offered at a low price.

HEIDEMAN

STORAGE

We will store, during the Summer season, at owner's risk, in case of fire or loss or damage beyond our control at the following prices.

Base Burners \$3.50
Soft Coal Stoves \$3.00
Pipe Extra25

Give us 24 hours delivery notice.

SEYMOUR SECOND HAND STORE
111 North Chestnut Street.

Bicycles and Sundries FISHING TACKLE

Lawn Mowers Sharpened—GENERAL REPAIRING
W. A. CARTER & SON

ADVERTISE It Pays In The Republican

DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS



What Father is up against now.

The FINAL Word

In Price Reductions

On COATS and SUITS

Choice of all Suits up to \$15.00.....**\$7.50**

Choice of all Suits from \$15.00 up.....**\$10.00**

COATS REDUCED PROPORTIONATELY.

WHITE DRESSES.

A sample line of White Dresses, one and two of a kind at money saving prices.

EXTRA SPECIAL

Friday and Saturday Only

About 50 Skirts in greys, blues and blacks, \$3.50 and \$4.00 values.....**\$1.98**

Another small lot of Skirts, \$3 values.....**\$1.50**

The Best Value Ever Offered

Simon Dry Goods Co.

One Door North of Thomas Clothing Co.

BEN SIMON, Mgr.

FOREIGNERS PLAN FOR PROTECTION

Americans, Britons and Germans in Mexico City Prepared to Defend Themselves Against Riots.

CONSTANT FEAR OF VIOLENCE

"Allies" Could Defend Themselves For Twenty Hours Until Arrival of Forces From Vera Cruz.

By United Press.
Mexico City, April 30.—"I'm the correspondent of the London Express," said a newly arrived young Englishman, entering the British club in Mexico City. "Just sign your name to this list," said the secretary. "Drill day will be announced soon. Every Englishman who comes here joins the British colony volunteers. We'll furnish you with a rifle when you go to drill."

Every Englishman in Mexico City is expected to join the volunteers. The rifles, strangely enough, are furnished, in part, by the Mexican government. There are about 700 Britishers in the capital, including perhaps 100 women and children.

The Germans in the capital number about 1,000, including 800 men, most of whom have served in the German army. Drills, with the German volunteers, are frequent and they have entered into it at the spirit of self-defense so heartily that they have even purchased horses for a volunteer cavalry.

Together with the British volunteers the Germans would make a fighting force in the foreign colony of 1,500 men. There are also, perhaps, 600 Frenchmen who are prepared to join the force of foreign self-defense, bring the number of "allies" up to 2,100.

There would be more than this number of men, however, ready with rifles if it became necessary for foreigners in Mexico City to defend themselves against riots or mob violence. The strength of the American colony is kept secret and the fact that they are supplied with rifles is not bruited about, because of the anti-American feeling in the capital. In the American embassy, now, there are two machine guns and 250 rifles which are ready to be distributed among the Americans, if need arises. Four hundred American men, it is estimated, would be added to the "allies" if the call to arms were sounded.

The census of 1910, taken in days of peace, shows that there were 12,227 Spaniards in Mexico City at that time and 24,212 Spaniards in all of Mexico. It is probable that these figures are about the same today, for the Spaniards have not fled from the country as have members of other nationalities. They couldn't flee, very well. They own all the grocery stores not only in the capital but in Mexico itself. They control the liquor, or pulque business, and the tobacco business. Much of the farming is done by them. About the only interests they have left untouched are mining, which is done by Americans, and dry goods, which is in the hands of the French.

It is probable because they are so prosperous and have seized so much of the country's business that Spaniards are so cordially hated by Mexicans and are invariably mistreated and robbed by Mexican revolutionaries. If the Spaniards in Mexico City have organized a defense corps they are keeping the fact a secret, in order not to arouse Mexican ire. If it were known in the capital that Spaniards were arming, it might be necessary for the government, in order to satisfy the populace, to take their arms away from them.

The 400 Japanese in the capital are fully prepared to defend themselves but the 1,500 peaceful Chinese, who do the laundry work of the city—a business which the Mexicans do not begrudge them—will take what fate doles out to them, if conditions are disturbed.

It is a matter of fact that an army of about 3,000 foreigners could be organized in Mexico City on a few hours' notice. The volunteers would gather in the Colonia Roma District, where nearly all of the foreign embassies are located.

This district was entered by the Mexican fighting men during the battle of Mexico City about a year ago and more than one embassy was struck by bullets; perhaps more than one foreign flag was pierced. But the chief object of the fighters was to reach the home of President Madero which was situated in the Colonia Roma District. After they had seized that and shelled it and burned it to the ground, there was no more trouble in that part of town.

It is now believed, in case the city was thrown into militant turmoil, that the "allies" would have to defend themselves for more than 20 hours.

The foreign battleships at Vera Cruz all lie near the terminal of the railroad that leads to Mexico City. Empty cars are kept there in readiness for the word that marines are needed in the Mexican capital and, if the railroad lines were not cut, some 8,000 French, German, English, Spanish and American marines might reach the city, within less than 24 hours, not to mention a large number of Japanese marines who would be rushed on a 36-hour trip from the Pacific coast.

G. A. R. EXHIBITORS PRIZE THE RELICS THEY OFFER

Display of Fire Arms Will be One of the Features of G. A. R. Encampment May 6-8.

By United Press.
Indianapolis, Ind., April 30.—"I would sooner lose a leg or an arm than the relic, which has been in the family for more than a century."

This is the phrase taken from the letter today of one of the prospective exhibitors at the showing of Indiana war relics and armaments during the G. A. R. encampment May 6-7-8. It is a sample of the kind of letters that keep coming to Dr. W. W. Peet, Newton Claypool building. Dr. Peet has charge of the correspondence with owners of war relics wanted for the exhibit.

Every possible means of insuring the safety of the relics left in their charge is being taken by H. D. Tutwiler, chairman of the committee on entertainment, and the members of the committee. Major D. I. McCormick, of the Indiana Battle Flag Commission, is to be placed directly in charge of the exhibit and the guards. Besides a number of men to be stationed both inside and outside the exhibit hall in the Denison Hotel, there will be two city policemen, and some hotel help in charge. The exhibit will be guarded day and night, and the reason is that the committee found the holders of these relics placed a value upon them not measured by dollars and cents, and yet the relics to relic hunters have a real dollars and cents value. The exhibit is to be free.

VOCATIONAL EDUCATION REPORT TO BE MADE JUNE 1

Commission in Session at Washington Arrange Distribution of Federal Funds.

By United Press.
Washington, April 30.—After a brief recess the national commission on vocational education settled down again today to a study of conditions in every part of the nation, preparatory to making its report June 1. This report, which may be instrumental in giving Indiana \$400,000 in federal funds for educational purposes, is awaited with interest.

The commission last week considered subject of national grants to aid the states in promoting vocational education. It sought to obtain the opinions of leading national organizations through their officials inasmuch as in this way the concentrated opinions of millions can be obtained on short notice.

Twenty-five organizations either appeared through their representatives or filed briefs including organi-

zations of manufacturers, labor representatives, social workers and educators.

The commission is working hard at the job of completing a report embodying the best views of the country before June. The members of the commission are serving without compensation and they are aiming to set a precedent for future commission to follow by making a report on time and by keeping within the appropriation granted.

The subject of vocational education has been widely investigated and the commission believes that its function is to clarify the vast amount of material already gathered instead of trying to create new additions to the mass of such literature. The report will clearly set forth the needs for vocational education and suggest plans by which it may be effectively promoted. Hoke Smith, Senator from Georgia is chairman of the commission. The member from Indiana is John A. Lapp, director of the bureau of legislative information, Indianapolis.

In its membership the commission has different interests involved in the problem of all whom have had experience in practical applications of vocational education. There are senators, congressman, legislature experts and social workers, but no school teachers.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

NINE LIVES LOST IN BATTLE BETWEEN MINERS AND MILITIA

Practically All Buildings at Forbes Camp Destroyed—Assailants Disappear in Mountains.

Denver, Col., April 30.—Colorado's seven months' industrial conflict Wednesday claimed a toll of at least nine human lives. This was the verified record today, divided, as follows:

At Forbes, seven mine guards and one striker dead, with two other strikers believed to have been killed.

At Walsenburg, one officer of the militia hospital corps killed, one officer and two enlisted men wounded.

The Forbes camp was a scene of desolation, practically all of the mine buildings having been destroyed by fire. Here it was the work of only a few fleeting hours.

It was about 5:30 a. m. that the strikers opened their attack in force. With the women and children of the camp barricaded in the mine tunnel, the guards, under the personal direction of Superintendent Nichol, responded spiritedly. About 10 o'clock the firing ceased and the camp's assailants disappeared as mysteriously as they came, some toward Trinidad and others over the hills in the direction of Berwind and Tabasco.

According to Superintendent Nichol, three strikers were seen to tumble down the hillside.

Fighting that practically encircled the town continued for five hours at Walsenburg between strikers, militia and mine guards. Maj. P. P. Lester, of the hospital corps met his death, shot through the left breast, while dressing the wounds of a comrade within 150 yards of the strikers' position. Firing ceased shortly after 3 o'clock.

Care of Trees

Millions of trees die yearly from insect pests, scale and improper trimming; takes lifetime to grow a tree. Your trees on the lawn need care. Your orchards, if you want fruit, should be looked after; scientific treatment is necessary. We will be ready to do spraying on trees and shrubs.

We also handle roses, shrubs, ornamental and fruit trees, lawn seed and lawn fertilizer. Our 100 gallon power spray will be here in a few days and will then be ready to do your spraying.

Brasch Bros.

Phone 633. SEYMOUR, IND.

Your Credit is Good With Us
STRIKE US FOR
Any Amount

Money Loaned on Furniture, Pianos, Fixtures, Live Stock.

SPECIAL RATE TO FARMERS
Investigate Our New Plan
Licensed and Bonded.

INTEREST FOR ONE MONTH ON

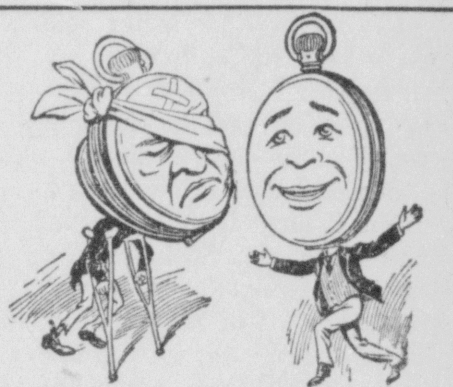
\$10.00 is	\$0.20	\$50.00 is	\$1.00
25.00 is	.50	100.00 is	2.00
40.00 is	.80	250.00 is	5.00

Small charge for papers.

SEYMOUR LOAN CO.

17½ East Second St.,
Phone 528.

Over Carter's Bicycle Store.



Entering Leaving
OUR REPAIR DEPT.

We Fix 'em and
Fix 'em RIGHT
T. R. HALEY, Jeweler
10 E. 2nd St. Phone 739

Wible & Son
Baggage & Transfer

Office Phone 468
Residence Phones: 612-R and 352

Sudie Mills Matlock
Piano Teacher

Res. Studio: 521 N. Chestnut St.
SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

W. H. BURKLEY
REAL ESTATE
INSURANCE
AND LOANS
SEYMOUR, IND.

FIRE INSURANCE

A few dollars invested today may save you thousands tomorrow.
E. W. BLISH, Room No. 11 Postal Building



Residence of J. E. Graham, N. Chestnut St. painted with Lucas Gloss Paint

Every day your property depreciates in value if not protected by a good paint.

If your buildings ought to be painted now and you neglect or put it off, the elements will quickly cause more damage than the cost of the painting job.

Clean up and paint up week is at hand. Contract your painting job right now while you think about it. All your neighbors are going to clean up and paint up. Why not you?

Lucas Tinted Gloss Paint and a good painter to put it on will make a wonderful difference in the appearance of your property.

FOR SALE BY

Loertz Drug Store

Phone 116. QUALITY STORE FOR PAINTS. Milhous Block.

THE REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH, Editor and Publisher

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana,
Post-office as Second-class Matter.

DAILY.

One Year.....\$5.00
Six Months.....2.50
Three Months.....1.25
One Month......45
One Week......10

THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1914.

Republican State Ticket.

UNITED STATES SENATOR.
Hugh Th. Miller of Columbus.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT.
(Fifth District)
Quincy A. Myers of Logansport.

JUDGE OF APPELLATE COURT.
(Fifth District)
Lucius C. Embree of Princeton and
Ira C. Bateman of Bloomington.

(Second District)
U. S. Lesh of Huntington, M. A.
Chipman of Anderson and S. J.
Crumpacker of South Bend.

SECRETARY OF STATE.
Ed Jackson of Newcastles.

TREASURER OF STATE.
Job Freeman of Terre Haute.

AUDITOR OF STATE.
I. Nett Brown of Franklin.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.
Ele Stansbury of Williamsport.

FOR STATE SUPERINTENDENT
OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.
Dr. Horace Ellis of Vincennes.

CLERK OF THE SUPREME AND
APPELLATE COURTS.

Will H. Adams of Wabash.

STATE GEOLOGIST.
Harry R. Campbell of Indianapolis.

A FATHER'S SACRIFICE.
(Indianapolis Star.)

Thoroughly and typically American is the pathetic, but tensely patriotic, letter written to President Wilson by the father of a United States marine killed at Vera Cruz. "I believe the President is right," wrote the stricken father and, though his son was killed, he had courage enough to add: "And Randolph has four brothers and a father who stand ready to make the same sacrifice. If we could not be loyal to our country and our President we would move out."

What a trumpet call to patriotism is here! It is one of those fine, spontaneous notes that are struck in American history whenever the occasion calls. There is no buncombe or cheap bidding for notoriety here. Down in Vera Cruz lies the one son, slain by the Mexicans; he answered the call to duty, and he died for it with his face to the enemy. But instead of bewailing their loss the brave father and his other sons are ready to hear the call, too.

No wonder President Wilson was deeply touched, and in the midst of his many cares and anxieties which this time and this crisis have thrust upon him it must have heartened him up and given him faith and courage to get this patriotic message from the brave father. And he, the chief executive of the nation, must know, too, in his heart, that the sentiments expressed by W. L. Summerlin, of Wilkesboro, Ga., are the sentiments that live in the hearts of all true Americans only waiting the need and the opportunity for expression. It is, as the President so touchingly and heartily expresses it, such things as these "which makes citizenship in this country so noble a thing."

CENSUS BUREAU ESTIMATES
POPULATION OF COUNTRY

Department Shows There Are 109,000,000 People in United States and Possessions.

Washington, D. C., April 29, 1914. —The United States is now a country of 109,000,000 people, according to the bulletin containing the estimates of population for the years subsequent to the Thirteenth Census, soon to be published by Director William J. Harris of the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce. It was prepared under the supervision of C. S. Sloane, Geographer.

As stated, the estimated population of the United States for July 1, 1914, will be 109,021,992. The population of the United States and its

ECZEMA Psoriasis or Itching

Prof. J. Blanchard, Skin Specialist, 3811 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, will help you FREE Diagnose Your Skin Disease —also state how disease will act and disappear under the use of Blanchard's Eczema Lotion. How many can do this? Write for symptom blank to fill out. Sold at Rucker's Drug Store

possessions in 1910 was 101,748,269; so there will have been an estimated gain of over 7,000,000 persons in a little more than four years. The corresponding estimated population of Continental United States for July 1, 1914, is 98,781,324, as compared with the population of 91,972,266, as returned by enumerators, April 15, 1910. This bulletin also presents the estimates of population in 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, and 1914, for the states and territories, and for cities which had 8,000 or more inhabitants in 1910.

Estimates of population are required primarily for use in the Census Bureau in calculating death rates and per capita averages for years other than the Census year. The so-called arithmetical method was adopted for computing these estimates. It is the simplest and it has been shown by experience to come nearer in accuracy in the majority of cases than any other formula. It rests on the assumption that the increase in population each year since the enumeration is equal to the annual increase from 1900 to 1910.

The bulletin presents in its several tables population data for the United States and its outlying possessions in 1910 and 1900, with estimates of the population July 1st, 1914, 1913, 1912, 1911, and 1910. Similar data is also presented for the different states in the Union. There is also presented a statement of the White and colored population on April 15, 1910, together with estimates of the white and colored population as of July 1st for each of the years 1914, 1913, 1912, 1911 and 1910. These estimates, however, have been confined to the states having a considerable proportion of colored population, no estimate being presented for any state that did not have 50,000 or more colored inhabitants on April 15, 1910, or at least ten per cent of its population colored.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

MARRIAGE ANNOUNCED.

Announcements have been received here of the marriage of Miss Mary Ann Marshall, of Indianapolis, to William Edward Cox, brother of Alpha Cox and Mrs. Charles Kessler, of this city. The bride is the daughter of Mrs. Caroline Thurston Marshall. The marriage occurred Wednesday, April 27th, at Indianapolis. Mr. Cox is well known in this city and is a member of the firm of The Dilling Candy Company. Mr. and Mrs. Cox will be at home after June 1, at 2416 North Pennsylvania street.

B. D. SEWING CLUB.

The members of the B. D. Sewing Club were delightfully entertained Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. E. L. Hancock, North Chestnut street. A few invited guests were present to enjoy the afternoon with the members. An elegant luncheon was served.

SURPRISE DINNER PARTY.

A surprise dinner party was given at noon today by Mrs. Rosecoe Speer. The dinner which was served in courses was arranged by Mrs. Speer and was enjoyed by a number of his immediate friends.

Marriage License.

Fred Vondelingen, of Washington township, to Martha Wehmiller, of Grassy Fork.

Why Advertised Goods Are Generally Better.

A manufacturer who spends a great sum of money in making his trademark known is building for the future.

That trademark is valuable to him only so long as he makes good.

His investment in good will pays him dividends only so long as he retains that good will.

He has set a high mark and must live up to it.

Manufacturers are turning today to the daily newspapers for their advertising campaigns, because they find that through them the "Good Will" they value so highly can be built up at less expense to themselves than in any other way.

Would like to know more about it while you are working on your plans? Drop a postal of inquiry to the Bureau of Advertising, American Newspaper Publishers Association, World Building, New York.

Booklet on request.

NOW HOPING TO
OBTAIN JUSTICE

Mine Workers Welcome Federal Troops.

SEE A WAY TO SETTLE STRIKE

Presence of United States Troops in Colorado, They Say, Will Do Much to Clarify the Situation and May Avert the Strong Movement Looking to General Strike Among the Ranks of the Miners.

Indianapolis, April 30.—The officials of the United Mine Workers of America welcome the federal intervention in the strike region of Colorado, according to Edgar Wallace, editor of the Mine Workers' Journal. With the federal troops in control, he says, the workers will obtain justice.

"We welcome the federal soldiers, just as we welcomed the state militia when it first came on the scene," said Mr. Wallace, who spent several weeks in the conflict-torn territory recently.

Instead of any effort being made on the part of the union officials to precipitate a general strike as a result of President Wilson's action in ordering soldiers to Colorado, they are doing everything in their power to prevent such action, according to Mr. Wallace. He said, however, that the sentiment is so strongly in favor of a general strike that the union heads are kept busy trying to keep the men from taking this action.

"With the state government turned over to the Baldwin-Feltz detectives, the only hope of the striking miners for fair treatment lies in the federal officials taking charge," said Mr. Wallace. "Instead of complicating matters, the intervention of the United States soldiers undoubtedly will do much to clarify the situation. We expect the federal commanders to bring order out of the chaotic conditions that now exist. It will help us to win the strike."

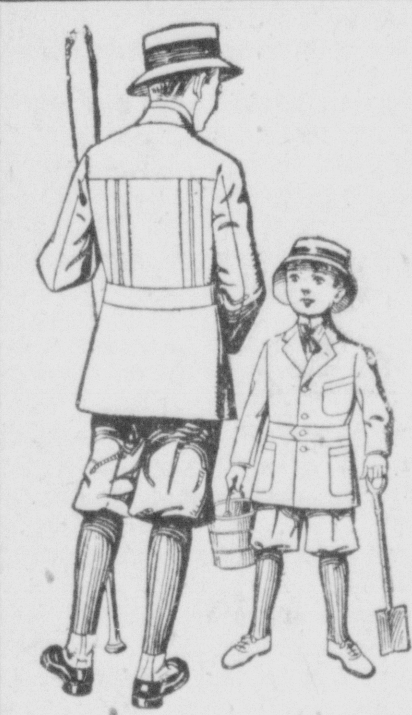
Frank J. Hayes, national vice president of the United Mine Workers, expressed the belief that the sentiment of the miners is decidedly in favor of a general strike as a result of the situation in Colorado. The question of whether a strike will be called, he said, will be threshed out at the meeting of the executive committee, to be held in Indianapolis May 4.

IN THE FOUR BIG LEAGUES

Current Scores in the Great American National Game.

National League.						
	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L. Pct.
Pitts...	10	2	833	N. Y...	4	4 500
Phila...	6	3	667	Chi...	4	8 333
Brook...	5	3	625	St. L...	4	9 308
Cin...	7	6	538	Boston.	2	7 200
At Brooklyn—						R. H. E.
Philadelphia	0	2	0	0	2	10—6 10 2
Brooklyn...	0	0	0	1	1	0 0 0—2 9 1
Alexander and Killifer; Ragan, Allen, Reulbach and Fischer.						
At Chicago—						R. H. E.
Pittsburg...	0	0	0	3	0	0 4 0—7 12 2
Chicago...	0	0	0	0	0	0 0 0—4 3 2
Adams and Gibson; Lavender, Vaughan and Archer.						
At Cincinnati—						R. H. E.
St. Louis...	0	0	0	2	0	0 0 1—3 12 3
Cincinnati...	0	2	0	0	0	2 1 *—5 6 4
Hageman, Steele and Snyder; Yingling, Benton and Clarke.						

The NEW BALKAN Coat Takes the Place of the Nortolk.



And too it's a great improvement in Boys' Clothes.

The plaits in the front and back stop at the waist line giving the coat a very distinctive appearance.

Black and white checks, stripes and mixtures that have been so popular in men's clothes are equally good in boys' clothes.

An elegant showing ranging at \$3 to \$9.

Here's Price Evidence.

Only last week one lady in looking and admiring the showing remarked, "I have seen that very same pattern at two other stores at one the price was \$5, at another \$4.50 and here you have it for \$4, and I know they are exactly alike."

THE-HUB

SEYMOUR'S BEST CLOTHING STORE

We will have a fresh supply of the following each day, Thursday, Friday and Saturday:

- | | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| Strawberries | Radishes |
| Green Beans | Green Onions |
| New Peas | Rhubarb |
| New Tomatoes | Asparagus |
| Kale | New Tomatoes |
| Sweet Potatoes | New Cabbage |
| Lettuce | Wine Sap Apples |
| New Potatoes | Pineapples |

L. L. BOLLINGER. PHONE 170.

War's Alarm.....

Does not interfere with Nyal Face Cream. Every person desiring a healthy skin-glow will find this cream indispensable in every climate, whether it be in Mexico or Saskatchewan. It suits every clime and season.

Thelma leads all perfumes, for its odor is a true flower production correctly blended. Try it.

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JUST OPENED
THE MAGNOLIA BAKERY
14 St. Louis Ave.

Full line of bakery goods.
Wholesale and Retail.
C. G. WEDDLE. m30

Thousands of Eyes See "Republican Want Ads."

MR. AUTO OWNER

Let us repair your magneto, spark coils or lighting system. We will save you time and money.

Call 46, we will do the rest.

NEAL Electric Co. 8½ E. 2nd St.

Rockinchair UNDERWEAR

Did you ever see a Union Suit

- THAT WAS COAT CUT
- THAT HAD ACTUAL CLOSED CROTCH
- THAT HAD CLOSED BACK

Rockinchair Union Suits

Open all the way down the leg.

HAVE NO FLAPS.

No bunching, no opening in back. Fit perfectly from shoulder to CROTCH.

The Newest Idea in Underwear

We are showing the best of all kinds of Underwear for Men, Boys and Children.

Modern Clothing Co.

SOUTH CHESTNUT STREET

PERSONAL.

W. P. Masters went to Rushville this morning on business.

Mrs. Herman Rotert, of near Cortland, was in the city today.

Mrs. John Wells, of Bedford, spent Wednesday here with friends.

F. W. Wesner made a business trip to Brownstown this morning.

Mrs. Ola Elsner and son, of Hayden, spent today here with relatives.

Mrs. John Morton went to Brownstown this morning to spend the day.

Mrs. W. F. Brown, of North Vernon, spent the day here with her daughter.

John Banta left this morning for Baltimore, Md. on an extended business trip.

Miss Myrtle Gilbert went to Brownstown Wednesday to spend the day with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. John Gill are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Harry Gill in North Vernon this week.

Mrs. John F. Otte and sons went to Cincinnati this morning to spend a week with relatives.

Mrs. Margaret Lawson went to Brownstown this morning to spend the day with relatives.

Don Plummer, of Indianapolis, was in the city today on his way to Valonia on a business trip.

Mrs. Fred Hodapp left this afternoon for Flora, Ill., to visit with Mr. Hodapp for a few days.

Frank P. Smith, of the I. C. & S. Traction Company, was in the city this afternoon on business.

Miss Josephine Fitzgibbons, of Mitchell, came this morning to spend several days with friends.

Mrs. Henry Hoffmeier went to Brownstown this morning to spend a few days with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. John Vanosdol were called to Holton on account of the serious illness of his father.

Miss Amelia Brant went to Logansport Wednesday afternoon to attend the Music Teachers' Convention.

Mrs. C. M. Ingram returned this morning from a month's visit with relatives and friends in Illinois.

Miss Nellie Wilson, Mrs. Elmer Conway and Mrs. D. L. Perrin, of Uniontown, were here this morning.

Miss Ella Mount returned this morning from Indianapolis where she has been visiting Miss Beulah Mount.

Mrs. Joseph Baxter came from Shelbyville this morning to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Elias Champion.

Mrs. S. B. Lowe, of Medora, was here this morning on her way home from a few days' visit in Indianapolis.

D. L. Morgan has returned to Jeffersonville after spending several days here with Mr. and Mrs. Mort Black.

Mrs. Lucian Wiley returned to her home in Madison this morning after visiting with her sister, Mrs. H. L. McCord.

Miss May Grinstaff was called to Indianapolis this morning on account of the serious illness of her niece.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Martin were called to Borden this morning on account of the serious illness of his mother.

Mrs. Bessie Wooton, living several miles east of Seymour, was here this morning on her way to Logansport to visit relatives.

Mrs. Susan Graham has returned to her home in Indianapolis after visiting her sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Farrell, who is seriously ill.

Mrs. George W. Zollman and daughter, Miss Florence, came from Medora this morning. Mrs. Zollman will visit here for a few days.

Mrs. C. M. Hatton and daughter returned to their home in Waynesville Wednesday afternoon after a short visit here with relatives.

Colin Sawyer, who has been here for a few days the guest of his mother, Mrs. G. V. Sawyer, returned to Indianapolis Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Logan Largent and son returned home Wednesday afternoon from Cincinnati where they have been spending several days with relatives.

Mrs. Charles Robinson and daughter, who have been visiting relatives near Seymour for a month, left this morning for their home in Champaign, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bridgewater and daughter, Miss Lula, returned to their home in Versailles this morning after spending a few days here with relatives.

Will G. Masters arrived home Wednesday afternoon from a trip East. He visited in Boston, Mass., New York, Washington, D. C. and Cincinnati.

Miss Jeanette Kelso, who has been spending the week here with her sister, Mrs. Harry Parkhiser, returned to her home in North Vernon Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. David Riley went to Cincinnati this afternoon to make their home for the present. Mr. Riley will have charge of one of the runs between Cincinnati and Louisville.

Underwear

UNION SUITS For MEN and BOYS

All indications point strongly toward a largely increased use of Union Suits this summer by men and boys who are willing to discard prejudice in order to be comfortable.

We have men's Union Suits in variety of materials—balbriggan, lisle, mercerized cotton, nainsook and porous knit.

Union Suits priced at 50c, \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00.

Two piece Underwear at 25c and 50c the garment.

Boys' Union Suits in balbriggan, porous knit, also two piece.

Union Suits 25c and 50c. Two piece Underwear 25c the garment.

VISIT US; LET US SHOW YOU.

ADOLPH STEINWEDEL

YOUR Watch or Clock Can be Made to Keep Time Let us Prove It

STRATTON--Jeweler

Battle of Saline River.

Fifty years ago today, April 30, was fought the battle of the Saline River in Arkansas. It was a terrible fight in mud and water. The rebels were commanded by General Marmaduke Fagan and Richard Taylor, son of the President of the United States after the Mexican war. The union troops were commanded by General Fred Steele. General Rice, of Oskaloosa, Ia., was killed in the battle. Among the veterans of this county who participated in the fight and are yet living are Elisha Ruddick, Jacob Hopple, Fred Miller, James Honan, William Matlock, Benj. Carter and Jos. McNelly, of Seymour, and William Boggs living in Redding township and Daniel Empson in Grassy Fork township.

The Rambler.

To Farmers.

Leave your order for Granger and Indiana State Prison binder twine at the Racket Store. L. F. Miller. m2d&7w

Get ice cream, any quantity at Interurban Station. Phone 470. M27

Seymour Business College Phone 403

Seed Corn, Feed and Flour.

I will have the L. A. Vogler & Son white and yellow seed corn on hand and guaranteed 96 per cent. growth. Any one wishing samples for testing can get them free by calling at my office for them. Also have a full stock of hominy meal, feed meal, cracked corn, Sugarota calf meal, Sugarota Daisy feed, Rex salt, intestinal stock feed sold very low and guaranteed, Whip-poor-will cowpeas, very best variety, German millet, Soy beans, scratch food and chick feed for chickens. All the very best brands of feed and flour. Hay, both timothy and clover of the very best quality. A very liberal reduction in tariff on all sales. Phone 353. G. H. Anderson. m2d

Notice Knights Templar.

Regular meeting Friday, May 1, at 7:30 o'clock. Work in the K. T. degree. m1d Sim Watkins, E. C.

Notice Eagles.

Eagles social tonight for all members and their families. Committee. Phone 570 for Ice. John Morton.



The Blue Serge Suit

There's no discounting the fact that the Serge Suit is the Suit of Suits for Summer wear.

No fabric more handsome—no fabric more durable and no fabric more comfortable.

SPECIAL VALUES.

We have placed on sale four patterns of all wool Serges.

Prices range as follows:
Lot No. 6903 at.....\$9.50
Lot No. 273 at.....\$12.50
Lot No. 5130 at.....\$15.00
Lot No. 4130 at.....\$18.50

This means a saving of from \$2.50 to \$3.50 on your Spring Suit.

See Window Display for these Serges.

Thomas Clothing Co.

(BETTER CLOTHES)

(BETTER SERVICE)



The ice question in the summer is—"Will I be served promptly and regularly?" The answer is to be found in placing a standing order with this company. We make it a point to satisfy our customers in every way—promptness, regularity of delivery and clean solid ice. A postal brings our wagon to your door.

EBNER ICE & COLD STORAGE CO.
COAL AND ICE
PHONE No. 4.



THERE CAN BE NO ARGUMENT

over this—it pays to use the best materials. Labor costs as much when you use poor lumber as when you use good lumber, and the labor cost of any job is larger than the lumber cost. So why not use lumber that will makethe job PERMANENT? We can supply you.

SEYMOUR PLANING MILL CO.
419 S. Chestnut.

Building Material

The Very Best at the Lowest Prices

Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Sash, Doors and Blinds. High Grade Mill Work

Veneered Doors and Interior Finish.

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THE GIRL from PROSPERITY

By GEORGE RANDOLPH CHESTER

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When James E. Carroll, his attire fully keyed up to his pink tie, swaggered into the Hotel Belveigh barber shop, the boss barber loafing over at the table of Bessie Williams grinned in spite of his present ill humor.

"Pipe the village cut-up," he observed.

The Manicure Girl surveyed the newcomer with a keen eye.

"No, Billy," she replied, "it's the village sport."

"Whatever he is," insisted Billy, "he's a Hick and looking for a ten-cent shave."

Again the girl surveyed the newcomer critically.

"No," she once more dissented, "I'll bet you the size of the tip that he tips you."

"The same which would be a fine and wise bet for me to make, I think not," observed Billy, and added a forcible word or so under his breath as he started forward, for Mr. James E. Carroll, having looked down the line of Greeks and Italians who stood invitingly at their empty chairs, gave a glance at the only American barber in the place, and climbed into the only chair which had no attendant.

"I'll take a round trip," he affably observed as Billy slipped the sleeves of the shaving apron over his arms.

"Shave, sir?" coldly inquired Billy, who, nevertheless, had understood perfectly what his customer meant.

"The whole howling hippodrome," said young Mr. Carroll, unabashed.

"Do everything you know how."

"Just watch me make this fresh woy's pocket change shrink down to the edge of his return ticket," growled Billy to the Manicure Girl as he made a pretext to go past her table for fresh towels.

"I wouldn't have your ingrowing growth for money," laughed the girl.

"You would if you ached to furnish a flat and got turned down every time you mentioned it," he complained.

"I told you that was barred," she informed him. "I think I see myself in an East Harlem flat, with cheese-cloth curtains on the front windows and a garbage can on the fire escape, counting how many wienerwursts we get for a dime."

It was in consequent savageness that Billy began upon the task of giving his country customer "a round trip." He cut that hearty young gentleman's hair, and singed and shampooed and dandrified it, he shaved him and massaged his head and his face, he put upon him drenches of every bottled thing in his possession, then he grinned, yanked up the chair, jerked off the towels and handed over his largest check. But Mr. Carroll was scarcely interested.

"Is that all you can do?" he asked.

"We have a chiropodist, but he's not on duty just now," snarled Billy; "while you're waiting, though, you can get manicured."

"Me for the manicure. I've heard about 'em," said Mr. Carroll; "and just as a sporting proposition I'm going to sample a sample of everything there is in New York."

"Just go right ahead and see if New York cares," Bill advised him.

"I don't care whether New York cares," returned Mr. Carroll, largely, "and that's where I've got the best of New York."

As a matter of living up to that largeness he presented Billy with half a dollar, then he swaggered across the shop to the cashier's desk, flaunting a twenty-dollar bill in his hand and glancing with speculative assurance at the row of manicure girls.

Tess, who was quite universal in her tastes, used her large eyes freely, but with the usual negative effect. Nobody could be persuaded to believe them. Instead of succumbing to the girl who owned them, Mr. Carroll's gaze roved right on over her head to the deceptively demure Miss Williams.

"Mr. Smarty from Smartville," commented Tess with a toss of her head.

"I don't want him," retorted Miss Williams. "If I draw Johnny Fresh I'll give him the salting down of his life. It'll be a real quiet convention we'll hold, with me in the steam roller part."

As a preliminary to this process, when Mr. Carroll sat down at her table she spread out both his hands before her and surveyed them critically; then she smiled with an apparent attempt to conceal it; then she looked demurely up. Mr. Carroll was dead.

Some uncomfortable thought held him silent throughout the entire operation, checking any desire for conversation and killing any inclination whatsoever toward flippancy.

When he got up to go he looked at the change dubiously, then at the girl, then back at the change and again grew red. His dilemma was obvious. He did not know whether or not it was the proper thing to tip a lady. Sometimes Miss Williams took tips and sometimes she refused them. This time she accepted before one was really offered.

"Thank you," said she very sweetly.

He pushed a quarter toward her tentatively and she swept it nonchalantly into the little drawer of her table.

"Thank you," she said again, still very sweetly.

Those were the only four words that had been spoken during the entire event.

"How did you tame him, Bess?" asked the other girl.

"Made him see the size of his hands," explained Miss Williams with a shrug. "You can do that with any of them that have big ones, and after that they'll lay down and roll over and jump through hoops at the mere glance of command."

The next day he came again, but with not nearly so much assurance. Again he took Billy's chair, but there was very little aggressiveness about him.

"What will you have a sample of today?" asked Billy.

"Shave," said Mr. Carroll, wearily, as he lay back in the chair.

When Billy turned him loose he went over to Miss Williams and spread out his hands upon her table, dropping opposite to her with a dead-tired air.

"You don't want me to treat your nails again?" she objected.

"Sure," he said. "I came in on purpose."

"This is one of the good things you can overdo," she told him. "If I'd give those nails the full course so soon you'd have to get a new set."

He was quite dismal about it.

"Can't you just fuss around with them a little bit, then?" he inquired.

"I'm so lonesome I could go to jail for company."

"Maybe I could finish yesterday's job a little," she returned. "It would be cheating, but I don't mind," and she studied them carefully.

The fact of the matter was that Mr. James E. Carroll was quite palpably unhappy, and the Manicure Girl, who always wore her claws unsheathed for "fresh" people, could not withhold comfort from unhappy ones.

"What's the matter? Hasn't New York been clubby with you?" she asked, as she went gingerly to work.

"No," he complained, "the town's too slow. There's more fun out in Prosperity, Indiana, where I came from."

"That isn't what ails you. There's a girl back in Prosperity."

"There's half a dozen of them," he grinned.

"Yes," she inquired, and looked him over carefully. "There's only one. I'll put a little bet down on it; a bag of peanuts against a package of chewing gum."

He looked a long time at the Manicure Girl's imported pompadour, then he called a boy and handed him a quarter.

"Bring a package of chewing gum," he ordered.

That's when Miss Williams began not to dislike him so much.

"Yes," he went on by and by. "There is just one girl back in Prosperity, that is, one worth mentioning, and I'd give a hundred dollars if she was here."

"So much as a hundred left," she asked, in apparent surprise; "and you here two days?"

"It does melt pretty fast," he confessed, smiling, "but I'm good for a few days longer. I brought between three and four hundred dollars with me."

"Gee!" exclaimed Miss Williams. "What will they do for a circulating medium out there?"

"Oh, there's some left, I guess," he told her, "but not among the gang. You see, I won this in a poker game, the biggest one we ever had in town."

"My, what a wicked little sport!" she gasped. "I guess you're the horrible example in Prosperity. I guess they won't let you come to the church socials, nor the husking bees, nor anything. What does the girl think of it?"

"She doesn't know anything about it," he returned rather soberly. "If she found it out, I don't think she'd like it very much."

Miss Williams liked him even better for the seriousness with which he considered this phase of the matter.

"Of course, she's pretty," she suggested by and by.

It was good to see his face light up.

"I call her Reddy, but her hair isn't really red," he explained. "It's a dark brown, that seems to flare up copper colored sometimes when the sun shines through it; and she has the brownest of brown eyes, and the reddest of red lips, and the whitest of white teeth, and the pinkest cheeks; and—"

"Sure," she interrupted; "I know the kind. You can find her on the front page of any of the twenty-six best sellers, and on the covers of all the magazines when they haven't anything special to feature; and I suppose after this lonesome little Seeing-New-York trip all by yourself, you'll go back home and marry the girl in the last chapter."

"You bet I will," he returned, decidedly, and when he got up to go he was feeling a lot more cheerful.

The boss barber was not, however. "Some chummy with Mr. Yap from Yapville," he sneered to the Manicure Girl.

"He's a real nice little Hick, Billy," she insisted, "but he was as solemn as classic music; and you know me any time I see anybody look mopey I've got to be Busy Bessie, the Cheerful-Chirker-up."

"So I notice," said Billy, "but you usually manage to spring that gag on the strangers."

"You needn't worry, Billy," she retorted. "Not that you've got any mortgage on the premises, but that I hate to see you taking all that spite out on the poor Daoges. Considering the couple of hundred dollars my pet Hick has left, he's not likely to be in any more."

She was mistaken. In a week he was in again, more aggressive even than he had been the first time. Some way there was a change in him. The noisy tie was gone, he had a new hat, and he carried himself a shade "scrappy," as she expressed it.

"Hello!" she hailed him. "I thought you'd gone back to the girl in Prosperity."

"Not yet," he said. "I don't think I'm going back except when I go after the girl."

"No?" she asked. "What's holding you?"

"Money," he replied gleefully, and displayed a huge roll of bills.

"Who died in your family?" she asked.

"It isn't that," he laughed "but New York has too much loose coin for a man to leave. I've found out how to take its wealth away from it."

"Good!" she exclaimed. "Little old New York needs a trimming. Go after it and get it good. But how are you doing it? I'm greedy to know."

"Oh, just speculating a little in stock and grains," he replied.

"Reuben, Reuben!" she gasped. "You'll be the death of me yet."

"You're mistaken in the name," he retorted. "It's Hiram H. Hanks of Hawkinsville, or possibly Josh Dill of Picklesburg."

She surveyed him with some disfavor.

"My, but I bet they miss you in Prosperity. What a merry wag you must be when you're going good."

"Regular clown," he grinned. "Just for that I'll make you listen to my real name."

From his pocket he drew a stamped and addressed letter and pointed to the "James E. Carroll" written in the corner under the Belveigh card.

"And here's the girl," he said, pointing to the address with a strange combination of diffidence and assertiveness. "Elizabeth Ruth

"Hick, isn't he, Billy? Yap, I guess! Also a pin-head and a few other things; but just the same, he came here to spend three hundred dollars, and he's been here over a week, and he's got about six hundred of it left. I call that real Marathon blood myself. If you'd go out and turn a few tricks like that you could come down to your daily toil in a buzz-wagon."

"He'll be down on the Bowery pandhandling before he gets through," growled Billy.

It did not seem to happen right at once, however. Every time James E. Carroll came in he looked more prosperous, and he told the Manicure Girl each time of how much money he was making as a "grain and stock operator." Every time it was more and more. He didn't exactly boast about it; he was only gleeful in a large, childish way, and it is doubtful if he gloated to any one else as he did to Miss Williams. He had constituted her his confidante from the beginning, and seemed to feel it a solemn duty, as well as a joy, to come in and let her know his progress. It was strange, too, to see his transition from a country boy to an all-rounder. His clothing now was up to the minute, his talk up to the second, and everything about him was right on the dot; but in place of the rugged pink and brown of his cheeks he now had a massaged complexion, and there were pouches under his eyes.

The Manicure Girl came in one day laughing and still half vexed.

"Guess where I saw James E. Carroll," she said to Tess; "in a big red racer with three stunning chorus girls. I was with Frank—you know him; head rusher over at Charley's."

"It's Plunger Jimmy Carroll," Frank told me.

"Gee!" I said. "Has he got so far along that Broadway knows him?"

"Sure," said Frank. "He's the hottest member on the main stem. He's just Jimmy, along the line. All the late places know him and all the follies and Fluffies know him. How's that for a pace?"

"He got the quickest education of anybody ever I saw," commented Tess. "If he was mine I'd have a sparkling rock as big as the head of a hat pin out of him."

"You've had plenty of chances," retorted Miss Williams, "but I don't notice that Tiffany effect on you."

Mr. Carroll came in the next day, beaming.

"You ought to see my new car," he told the Manicure Girl as he sat down at her table.

"I saw it yesterday," she snapped. "You were peddling a fine load of shrimps."

"Weren't they the class of the

ing?" she asked, eyeing the creature with supreme disfavor.

"It's to make an already peerless beauty look still more like a queen," he told her, complacently. "I examined something like two tons of dogs to find this specimen. I bought it to take my place in the honk wagon alongside of Beauty Phillips, when I'm busy throwing a harpoon into the wheat pit."

"Did you write that letter yet?" she demanded.

"Yes," he answered shortly.

"It's about time to write another one, isn't it?"

"No," he replied, defiantly. "I'm not going to write any more."

She looked at him and shook her head, but she said nothing, and her very silence angered him.

"What's the use?" he hotly went on, and she divined that, after all, his anger was more at himself than at her. "Why should I hide the facts from myself any longer. I've grown away from Prosperity."

"I should say you had," she agreed. "If Prosperity could know how you've changed for the worse, it wouldn't recognize you on the street."

"It's not my world any more," he continued, paying no attention to her interruption, "and the people are not of my world."

"So you hinted before," she reminded him; "but that doesn't keep you from writing to the girl."

He hesitated a moment.

"But her letters do," he finally said. "I got one from her yesterday. It was about nothing but the new coat of paint on the Baptist church, and about there being an epidemic of measles in the town, and about—"

"That's about far enough," she told him, furiously angry. "Awful drive, isn't it? I can see the little fool out there now, sitting down to write about such trifling things in her ignorance. Red hair I think you said she had, and red cheeks, and you called her Reddy. Coarse, ignorant, country person, no doubt. Well, I don't blame you for shaking her, now that you have got up among the real people, real ladies like Beauty Phillips and her crowd, and real gentlemen of the sort that loaf around the hotel bars on Broadway. You're right to cut her dead right now. Why, she might sometime come to New York, and if she should happen to meet you on Broadway when you were with some of your swell friends, and should nod to you, you'd be disgraced for life. I'll bet she'd be a scream on Broadway, with her funny clothes and her funny little hat and her red complexion."

"That'll be about all," he said, as he jumped up and unwound his dog chain; and his face had turned suddenly pale. "My ideas have changed somewhat about things back in Prosperity, but I can't stand for having that girl roasted, even in a joke."

It was over a month before he came in again, and the Manicure Girl had missed him. Now she saw at once that something was wrong. He was nervous and abstracted, though he tried to be his old flippancy self. With the shrewd eyes of Miss Williams upon him he kept thinking of one thing while he talked of another, asked questions without listening to the answers, then asked the same questions again.

"How much did you lose?" she finally asked him.

He stared at her in wonder.

"How did you know? Where did you hear?" he slowly questioned.

"You've been telling me ever since you came in," she said.

"I expect I have," he admitted. "Well, they got to me in lumps and gobs. For the past month I think I was about the only bull in a bear market. I went down the greased incline so fast it smoked from the friction. The first of this week I had to sell both automobiles."

"I can see the headlight and the glimmer studded watch going next," she commented, with a shake of her head. "I suppose they've about got all that automobile money by now."

"Suppose again," he retorted. "They did get nearly all of it at first, but the market changed at last, and I've made a little money since. If I'd close out now I'd have at least three thousand."

"Tell me where it is and I'll go get it for you," offered the Manicure Girl, hastily. "You take that money and go right back to Prosperity, Indiana; buy the village dry goods emporium; marry that girl; settle down and get fat. Then this experience will have done you good."

He shook his head.

"I can never go back there," he said; "never! That's not my world, I tell you. I'll make back the money I lost. I've learned a few tricks in the last couple of weeks."

"Oh, New York will educate you," she owned; "but, you know, college graduates don't amount to much."

"Never mind," he insisted. "I've played this game to win before, and I can do it again. Watch me."

"You'd better send at least one thousand dollars of that money to the girl back home to plant under the cellar stairs," she suggested.

She watched him narrowly, and then she smiled to herself. The mention of the girl in Prosperity did not seem to annoy him this time.

"That much money wouldn't scare her, at any rate," he said, smiling. "She's rather well-to-do for a country town. She's an orphan and lives with her married sister. But don't you worry about that thousand. I can use that to elegant advantage myself."

The next time she saw him was on the street. He tried to pass on by with a nod, but she called to him and he came back reluctantly.

"What's the matter with you?" she demanded. "You look like a yesterday's three-cent bunch of soup vegetables."

He glanced down at himself ruefully. His clothes needed brushing and pressing, his shoes needed polishing, his face needed shaving.

"I'll give you four guesses," he offered, with an attempt at his old gayety.

"I only need one," she replied. "You wouldn't listen to your Aunt Bessie, and they got you."

"Yes," he admitted, "they got me and they got me good. I haven't a dollar."

"What are you going to do?"

"I don't know," he said, and, in spite of his attempt to carry it off manfully, there was a catch in his voice. The ginger was all out of him. "I'll get another start somehow, I guess."

"Oh, yes," she agreed. "Some of your friends are sure to help you get back on your feet again; Beauty Phillips, for instance."

"Hang Beauty Phillips!" he said.

"Such language!" she exclaimed, but nevertheless she secretly delighted in it, this time. "I guess you're about ready to go back to Prosperity," she decided.

He drew a sharp breath.

"I'd die first!" he declared. "I'll live some way, though. They always live," and he laughed bitterly. "I passed a group of just such men as I may become, sitting on the stone bench at Herald square; but I'll keep on living, I am sure of that."

He seemed to be afraid that he would not. He seemed to be afraid of himself, and suddenly Miss Williams saw with a shock that he was "one of the tragedy kind!" It set her to swift thought, and a sudden bold idea came to her.

"I believe I know of an opening for you," she said, with a suppressed gasp at her own temerity; "a partnership that would be about the best thing you ever had offered to you. Come around and see me next Monday afternoon."

"What kind of a business is it?" he asked eagerly, a new light of hope springing in his eyes.

"You mustn't ask questions," she warned him, "because I don't want to disappoint you. I feel very sure, though, that I can land it for you."

That afternoon between work she wrote a letter, a proceeding which always made the boss barber nervous.

Billy, however, managed to get a glimpse at the envelope before it was mailed, and felt better about it, for the letter was addressed to Elizabeth Ruth Emery, Prosperity, Indiana.

On Monday morning, Elizabeth Ruth Emery and her sister arrived, and Elizabeth Ruth sent down word that she would like to see Miss Williams.

That young lady promptly went up to the room, and was confronted by a girl almost as pretty as Jimmy had tried to describe.

The two girls shook hands, and if there had been any distrust in the bosom of Miss Edwards it melted in a moment as she looked into the truthful eyes of Bessie Williams.

"Where is Mr. Carroll?" asked the girl from Prosperity, with trembling eagerness. "How ill is he? Has he a good doctor?"

"I'm his only doctor," responded Miss Williams, "and the only prescription I've given him was the one I wrote to you. You see, it isn't his body that's sick, it's his mind. Jimmy Carroll's a good boy, but he's a fool."

Miss Emery flushed a bit, indignantly, but her sister smiled.

"I suspected as much," she said. "I think your description is about right, Miss Williams. He is a good boy, and I'm afraid he is the rest of it."

"I guess he's cured of that," said Miss Williams, laughing, "but after all, he's no bigger fool than the crowd that put him on the reefs. He thought he could play the bucket shops, and no living man has ever kept at it and finished on the cozy side of it. For about a month he thought he owned New York, and now he's down and out; that's all. I tried to get him to go home, but he wouldn't go, so I sent for the sheriff."

The girl from Prosperity was nonplussed; also she was honest.

"I don't quite know whether to thank you for inducing me to take this trip or not," she said, a little coldly.

"Wait until you see Jimmy," responded Miss Williams easily, for she felt quite confident of the outcome.

It was about two o'clock when he came, looking worse than ever. He was pale now and also shabby, and she judged that maybe he was hungry, too, but he was shaved and his clothes were brushed. She looked at his hand. The ring was gone. He had made that sacrifice to appear neatly in case the "partnership chance" should come out right, and he was tremblingly eager to know if she had heard anything favorable.

She took him up to the girl from Prosperity just as he was. He will not be whiter when he is dead than he turned when he saw her. For a moment they just looked and looked. They were both trembling. Then slowly she held out her hands to him. Suddenly, with a sob, he dropped on his knees before her, there upon the parlor floor, and buried his head upon her hands.

Outside in the hall the Manicure Girl was dabbing her eyes with a pocket handkerchief and upbraiding herself.

"I certainly am the prize Weeping Willfred," she said, impatiently, as she hurried for the elevator.



"In a Big Red Racer With Three Stunning Chorus Girls."

Emery. Don't you think it's some pumpkins of a name?"

"It's a shine to Elizabeth E. Carroll; and for that I suppose I get paid double."

"You sure do," he agreed. "I'm writing her a dandy letter. I'm telling her all about the good business I'm in and how much money I'm making. Why, say, do you know I'm ahead over five hundred dollars since I saw you?"

The Manicure Girl pushed back his hand, and hastily reached down his hat from the hook overhead.

"Run!" she exclaimed. "Get away quick before they find out you've got it, or they'll take it away if they have to strangle you."

He merely grinned.

"Oh, I don't know," he said confidently. "I've noticed that the people who do gouge its money out of New York, and keep it, come from places like Prosperity, Indiana. There's a lot more where this five hundred grew, and I'm going to pick it."

"Poor child," she commiserated. "I can see your bumps on the

The Governor's Lady

A Novelization of
Alice Bradley's Play

By Gertrude Siebensohn

Illustrations From Photographs of
the Stage Production

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by David Belasco

CHAPTER VI.

"Mrs. Slade won't sign over the cottage," Hayes began abruptly. "I can't do anything more."

"She must," Slade uttered the words through set teeth. "She can't live there. Robert, you are the only person who knows us both thoroughly. I want you to bring this matter to a finish quietly and kindly and now."

"Why don't you see her and have it out with her?" Hayes suggested.

"We had it out the night I left the house and told her not to wait up for me," Slade reminded him. "I never quarrel with anyone more than once." He eyed Hayes critically for a minute. "You're with me, aren't you?" as if an idea had just occurred to him.

"I'm awfully sorry for Mrs. Slade," Hayes began, when Slade interrupted. "Look here, Hayes—I want a divorce," and he seated himself squarely in front of the astonished Hayes.

"A divorce?"

"That's what I want," and his lips shut grimly.

"But, my God!" Hayes was amazed. "You didn't want it in the first place."



"I Think I'd Like to Make a Bargain With You."

All you wanted was to live your own life. Do you expect me to help you get rid of Mrs. Slade?"

"Don't go crazy," Slade advised, not a suggestion of feeling evident in his voice or manner.

"If you do you are due for a surprise. I can't go sticking a knife into that woman's heart. I won't."

"You're a h—l of a lawyer!" Slade's anger was rising.

"I'm not that sort of a lawyer," Hayes rose as if to dismiss the subject.

"Whatever sort of a lawyer you are I made you, Hayes."

"I know you did," returned Hayes, bitterly. "You've told me that before and this is what comes of letting a man make you!"

"You bet, rank ingratitude," hotly. Hayes leaned forward, his arms on his knees and looked Slade square in the eyes.

"I honestly think you're drunk with all this power and prosperity. That little woman was the apple of your eye. I always said to myself: 'There's one man who does stick to his wife!' I didn't believe wild horses could drag you away from home."

"One minute!" interrupted Slade. "All that has nothing to do with you. Neither you nor anyone living can interfere with me now. Have you stopped to figure out, and I say it with all kindness and with all respect, what sort of a governor's lady Mrs. Slade would make, feeling as she does?"

"Well, what sort of a governor would you make if you were divorced?" Hayes questioned, mockingly. "Those men in there," and he jerked his thumb toward the smoking-room door; "will they stand for that?"

"They've got to—I own them, boots and all!"

"But you don't own public opinion," thundered Hayes, banging his fist down on the table, scattering the copies of the senator's speech in all directions.

"Why don't I?" Slade questioned with an arrogant smile disfiguring his mouth. "I'm going to buy half of Merritt's paper tonight. I guess that will be public opinion enough for me. More than that, I'll stand as a man whose wife has deserted him. That's how it will end. Mrs. Slade will decide where she's to live—but it must

be at some distance."

"You won't get your divorce through desertion," Hayes scoffed. "I know her. You can't do it."

"I can't do it, eh?" Slade's eyes held a nasty expression. "That's what they've been telling me all my life. Ever since I was a barefooted little brat running around the mines they've said to me: 'You can't do this and you can't do that.' But I always did it. Let me tell you, young man, after all I've conquered no woman is going to stop me!"

"Can't do it, eh?" he repeated, pugnaciously. "You watch me do it! You young jackanapes! I'm as good as deserted now. The only question is: Are you going to see Mrs. Slade—put her aboard a train east or not?"

"Mrs. Slade has been my best friend," Hayes answered quietly. "I love her dearly—I—" his voice broke.

"All right. That settles it. You turn over every scrap of paper of mine you have by—he thought a moment—"by tomorrow night. Then you can walk the ties to the devil, young man, and go back where I found you."

As Hayes turned to go, Strickland hurried into the room.

"Merritt has just introduced a very unexpected subject in the smoking-room—the question of—well, you've got to know it, Slade—the question of Mrs. Slade."

Hayes wheeled around and watched to see what effect this announcement would have on Slade.

"There are strangers there who learned of your—er—domestic difficulties for the first time tonight," Strickland continued. "Merritt has thrown the bombshell."

"Why, I thought—" Slade began to protest.

"He's all right," came the senator's reassuring tones. "It had to come out. He's got his coat off in there for you now. He maintains that the opposition papers are bound to take it up at any moment. Now, what do you advise?"

"The truth," thundered Slade. "My wife is preparing to desert me. It will happen—Hayes jumped up and flung himself out of the room—"tomorrow—the next day—any hour."

"I see," and the senator looked grave. "Is this irrevocable, Slade?"

"Irrevocable," declared Slade, positively. "As I have told you several times, senator, it is irrevocable. I'll stand by that."

Convinced that Slade knew his own mind in this matter as well as he had the reputation for knowing it in all other matters, Strickland returned to the waiting politicians.

Slade had been alone but a few minutes when Katherine returned.

"Well, Mr. Slade," the girl exclaimed, "things seem to be coming our way."

Slade was in no mood for mere conversation. He was annoyed at Hayes' attitude, and incensed because his private affairs were being publicly discussed in the next room. Mentally he consigned Hayes to the devil, his wife to the far East of the country, and registered a vow with himself that he would have that divorce and the woman he wanted in spite of everybody and everything.

He resolved to sound Katherine out then and there. He turned over in his mind the most cold-blooded proposition that a man ever made to a woman. He was planning to ask her to marry him, when he should be free, to decorate his home, preside at his table, share his wealth and the honors of the chief executive of the state. There would be no warmth in his tone, no love in his heart, no hunger of his lips for hers, no yearning of his arms for her yielding figure, there would be none of the fire of youth, nothing of the love of little children, nothing of the spirit that makes of marriage a sacrament rather than a thing of convenience.

As Katherine walked across the room, moving toward him with the quiet grace and dignity of the well-trained, well-gowned woman, he had a fleeting memory of the slight, badly dressed little woman, whose diffidence in strange surroundings had always fretted him. She a governor's wife? Impossible! He rose and stood beside the woman whom he proposed to use as another living stepping stone.

"Miss Strickland," his mind fully made up, "you've done a lot for me in the last few weeks while you've been making that bust. I think I understand you in a way. The more I see of you the more I think I—d like to make a—well, a bargain with you. That doesn't seem to be quite the word," he hesitated as the girl averted her eyes. "Yet I think that's what we call it."

"A bargain?" echoed Katherine. "Yes, a bargain," he repeated. "I never knew but one woman well—that was Mrs. Slade. She's a good woman—a mighty good woman, but we can't—I never had a home—not a home like Strickland's. When I have another house—that'll be what I'll want, I'll want my friends, my acquaintances, to come there. I want—well—headquarters. And I want a woman at the head of my house that I can be proud of—like Strickland."

Katherine was not surprised. She had anticipated some such move as this on his part, but now that she was face to face with the unvarnished suggestion, she found herself more shocked than she would have believed.

"In a couple of months I'll stand free," he went on. "Perhaps sooner. I don't expect any woman's going to love me—she isn't. Got to do that when you're young. But I'd do all I could for the woman. She'd have everything—money and—the power that goes with it. I want to say right here that I wouldn't speak if I thought young Hayes had a chance. I saw he didn't."

At the mention of Hayes' name

Three Days Sale at The Fashion

SUIT CLEARANCE

\$14.75, \$18.50 and \$20 SUITS

\$6.90

Unrestricted choice beginning Friday of 150 beautiful fancy and tailored Spring Suits in Copenhagen, tango, navy, tan and black; all go Friday, Saturday and Monday at this wonderfully low price.



SHIRT WAISTS
VALUES UP TO \$2.00

98c

House Dresses

Values up to \$1.50

69c

Mixture Coats \$2.90

Values up to \$8.50

MONEY SAVING SHOP

The Fashion

8 South Chestnut St.

ROY SHATTUCK

Nominated by the Republicans
For Congress in Fifth District.



Greencastle, Ind., April 29.—Roy Shattuck of Brazil was nominated by the Republicans of the Fifth district in convention in this city to make the race for congress against Ralph Moss of the same city, the Democratic nominee and the present representative.

Straight at It.

There is no use of our "beating around the bush." We might as well out with it first as last. We want you to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the next time you have a cough or cold. There is no reason so far that we can see why you should not do so. This preparation by its remarkable cures has gained a world-wide reputation, and people everywhere speak of it in the highest terms of praise. It is for sale by all dealers.

Advertised List.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Seymour, Indiana, and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the dead letter office.

LADIES.

Miss Catherine Kruege.

MEN.

Mr. Alfred Holmes.

Phoenix Chair Co.

ALLEN SWOPE, P. M.

April 27, 1914.

Found a Cure for Rheumatism.

"I suffered with rheumatism for two years and I could not get my right hand to my mouth for that length of time," writes Lee L. Chapman, Mapleton, Iowa. "I suffered terrible pain so I could not sleep or lie still at night. Five years ago I began using Chamberlain's Liniment and in two months I was well and have not suffered with rheumatism since." For sale by all dealers.

Advertisement.

We do "Printing that Pleases"

CALL US UP



Whenever you want Business Cards, Letter Heads, Circulars or anything else in the printing line.

We give PROMPT SERVICE

SEYMOUR MARKET.

Seymour, Ind., April 30, 1914.

Wagon Wheat91c
Corn65c
Straw, wheat, ton.....7.00
Straw, oats, ton.....8.00
Hay, timothy, loose.....\$16@19
Hay, timothy, baled.....\$16@18
Hay, clover, ton.....\$14@16

POULTRY.

Hens, per pound.....13c
Springs, per pound.....12c
Guineas, apiece.....21c
Ducks, per pound.....10c
Geese, per pound.....7c
Old roosters, per pound.....7c
Turkeys, per pound.....16c
Old Toms, per pound.....12c
Pigeons, per dozen.....75c
Eggs, per dozen.....16c
Butter, per pound.....13c

HOGS.

Packers and butchers.....\$8.10@8.15
Light shippers.....\$7.70@8.15
Pigs, 110 lbs. and less.....\$4.15@7.55

CATTLE.

Heavy steers.....\$6.15@7.40
Extra.....\$7.50@7.80
Butcher steers.....\$5.65@7.40
Choice to extra.....\$7.50@7.65
Stockers and feeders.....\$5.40@7.05
Stock heifers.....\$4.90@5.90
Stock cows.....\$4.00@5.00

CALVES.

Extra.....\$6.00@7.15
Fair to good.....\$5.50@7.00
Common and large.....\$3.50@6.50

SHEEP.

Sheep, clipped extra.....\$4.65@4.75
Good to choice.....\$4.40@4.55
Common to fair.....\$3.00@4.15
Lambs, clipped extra.....\$6.50@6.55
Good to choice.....\$6.05@6.40
Common to fair.....\$4.90@5.90
Spring lambs.....\$5.40@8.90

Cough Medicine For Children.

Too much care cannot be used in selecting a cough medicine for children. It should be pleasant to take, contain no harmful substance and be most effectual. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets these requirements and is a favorite with the mothers of young children everywhere. For sale by all dealers.

SPECIAL TO WOMEN

The most economical, cleansing and germicidal of all antiseptics is

Paxtine

A soluble Antiseptic Powder to be dissolved in water as needed.

As a medicinal antiseptic for douches in treating catarrh, inflammation or ulceration of nose, throat, and that caused by feminine ills it has no equal. For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women, which proves its superiority. Women who have been cured say it is "worth its weight in gold." At druggists. 50c. large box, or by mail, The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS & C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1.50. Sent by all newspapers. Munn & Co. 364 Broadway, New York. Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern R.R.

Exceptional Opportunities

FOR FARMING, FRUIT GROWING,
TRUCK GARDENING, DAIRYING
AND STOCK RAISING in

West Virginia

Thousands of acres of agricultural lands within twenty-four hours of all the best eastern markets. Coal, oil, Gas and Limestone in superabundance for manufacturing. The opportunity for men and money is now. These lands are at very low prices. May we give you the details?

James H. Stewart,

Agricultural Agent B. & O. R. R.,
Morgantown, W. Va.

Indianapolis, Columbus & Southern
Traction Company.



In Effect October 7, 1913.

Northbound	Southbound
Cars Lv. Sey.	Cars Ar. Sey.
6:40 a. m. I	C. 6:20 a. m.
7:40 a. m. I	G. 7:28 a. m.
9:18 a. m. I	I. 9:00 a. m.
9:40 a. m. I	I. 9:10 a. m.
11:18 a. m. I	I. 11:00 a. m.
11:40 a. m. I	I. 11:10 a. m.
1:18 p. m. I	I. 1:00 p. m.
1:40 p. m. I	I. 2:10 p. m.
3:18 p. m. I	I. 3:00 p. m.
3:35 p. m. I	I. 4:10 p. m.
5:40 p. m. I	I. 5:00 p. m.
6:18 p. m. I	I. 6:10 p. m.
7:40 p. m. I	I. 7:00 p. m.
8:18 p. m. I	I. 8:00 p. m.
8:35 p. m. I	I. 9:10 p. m.
10:45 p. m. G	I. 10:00 p. m.
11:59 p. m. C	I. 11:40 p. m.

I—Indianapolis.
C—Columbus.
G—Greenwood.
H—Hoosier Flyers.
D—Dixie Flyers.

Cars make connections at Seymour with trains of the B. & O. and C. T. H. and S. E. Railroads for all points east and west of Seymour.

For rates and full information see agents and official time table folders in all cars.

General offices:—Indianapolis, Ind.



When You

have your goods shipped by express, you receive quick service, but at a high express rate.

Why Not

have your goods sent by inter-urban and receive quick service but at a low freight rate?

Do You Know

you can order goods from Louisville today and receive them early tomorrow morning? Or, if you are in a hurry, you can send them out on a passenger car.

Try This

service and you will be agreeably surprised at its promptness, and the care taken in handling your goods.

"Southeastern Line"

Chicago, Terre Haute and Southeastern Railway Company.

NORTHBOUND			
Daily	No. 1	No. 4	No. 6
Seymour	6:50 am	1:05 pm	6:50 pm
Bedford	7:50 am	4:10 pm	7:05 pm
Odon	8:06 am	5:20 pm	7:17 am
Elmira	8:16 am	5:45 pm	7:17 am
Beehunter	8:33 am	6:10 pm	7:30 am
Linton	8:47 am	6:24 pm	7:46 am
Jacksonville	10:14 am	7:30 pm	8:18 am
Terre Haute	11:15 am	8:30 pm	9:25 am

No. 8, Linton to Terre Haute leave Linton 1:00 p. m., arriving at Terre Haute 2:35 p. m.

SOUTHBOUND			
Daily	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5
Terre Haute	6:50 am	1:05 pm	6:50 pm
Jacksonville	7:50 am	2:07 pm	6:49 pm
Linton	7:17 am	2:32 pm	7:17 pm
Beehunter	7:30 am	2:46 pm	7:30 pm
Elmira	7:46 am	3:00 pm	7:46 pm
Odon	7:58 am	3:16 pm	8:00 pm
Bedford	8:27 am	6:00 pm	
Seymour	11:00 am	6:30 pm	

Terre Haute 10:20 a. m., arrives Linton 11:50 a. m.

No. 28 Mixed Train Northbound, leaves Westport 8:30 a. m., arrives Seymour 10:45 a. m., daily except Sunday.

No. 27 Mixed Train Southbound leaves Seymour 3:20 p. m., arrives at Westport 6:00 p. m., daily except Sunday.

For further information or time tables call on or write.

S. L. CHERRY, G. A.,
Seymour, Ind.

J. T. AVERITT, G. P. A.,
B. & O. Station, Chicago, Ill.



A SCENE IN OLIVER MOROSCO'S CHARMING COMEDY
"PEG O' MY HEART"
 THE ATTRACTION AT THE MAJESTIC WEDNESDAY, MAY 6.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING
 HELP WANTED
 LOST AND FOUND
 FOR SALE, TO LET

LOST—Fox Terrier, white with brown spots. Inform K. B. Shields, m2d&w Phone 642.

WANTED—Responsible party to rent 40 acres of good farm land; ground partly broken and some seeding done. Good buildings. William Rottger, Seymour, R. R. No. 2. m6d&w

WANTED—During Clean-Up week you will find articles that you will want to dispose of. Use the classified columns of The Republican, they will do it cheaply and quickly. m8d

WANTED—We don't think your lawn mower is worn out; it just needs to be sharpened and adjusted. Corner, 5 East Second street. a27-tf

WANTED—Some one to handle Albert's None Such Carpet Cleaner. Call at 26 East Second street, Seymour. J. A. Alberts.

FOR SALE—All kinds of ladies' furnishing at our prices. Special prices on aprons. 50c kind cut to 40c. Seymour Tailors, 3rd and Chestnut streets. a30d

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Single Comb White Orpingtons, also Banded Plymouth Rocks. Phone 1000-1S1L. John Kilgas, R. F. D. 5, Seymour. my 7 mon th a2w

FOR SALE—Five room cottage in good condition. Val Ault, 422 West Oak street. m5d

FOR SALE OR RENT—Five room cottage with garden. Inquire here. a28dtf

FOR RENT—Modern seven room house. North Ewing. E. C. Bollinger. f2dtf

ROOMING HOUSE—For rent Mill street. Inquire here. may2d

PAPER—furnished and hung. B. E. Hamilton, 532 W. Second street. Phone 772-R. m15d

FLUFF RUGS—Made from old ingrain and brussels carpets. See A. P. Carter, Carter's Bicycle Store. a22d-tf

VAULT CLEANING—Call Phone 570. Morton & Rude. a30d

Seymour Temperatures.
 The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures as shown by the government thermometers at the Seymour volunteer weather observation station and reported by J. Thos. Hays, observer. The figures are for twenty-four hours ending at noon:
 Max. Min.
 April 30, 1914. 64 48

Weather Indications.
 For Indiana: Unsettled tonight and Friday; probably Showers.

VETERAN IS ACTIVE
AT AGE OF 84 YEARS
 (Continued from first page)

Atlanta campaign, General John M. Corse with a small company of soldiers moved to a point near Alton to check any move made by General Hood. Hood was marching to the north and was evidently preparing for a battle but Sherman's army appeared on a mountain some distance away and signalled to Corse to "Hold the Fort." It was this signal that gave E. P. Bliss the foundation for his famous song, "Hold the Fort, for I am Coming."

During the Atlanta campaign he was placed in practically complete control of the ordinance department and to the sixteen regiments of the division issued 1,600,000 rounds of ammunition. In this capacity he proved himself to be accurate and painstaking and was rewarded with the high commendation of his superiors.

After Mr. Weaver had taken the train to Nashville he remained there for a time until he was ordered to Washington City where the famous review of the victorious army took place. At Washington he reenlisted in the 59th Ind. Regiment but served but a short time for the regiment was sent to Louisville and was there mustered out of service.

Mr. Weaver engaged in but one battle, at Resaca, Ga., where Col. Benjamin Harrison manifested his courage and bravery by being one of the first soldiers to mount the breast works. Because of his bravery at this battle he was made general. Mr. Weaver escaped injury in the conflict



This is the way "High Standard" paints are tested

This is a scene on the roof where "High Standard" paints are given the severest possible tests, being exposed to sun, rain, snow, frost, soot, dirt and fumes of city smoke for years. The panels are then preserved as a guide to obtain the very highest efficiency in all Lowe Brothers products. There is no guess-work in the making of



The ingredients are selected with scientific accuracy and are mixed and blended with the best paint-making machines.

In addition, as you see, they are subjected to severest exposure tests. These panels are painted just as you would paint your house. The weather-proofing qualities of "High Standard" paint are fully assured before you buy it.

Come in and let us figure on your requirements.

Kessler Hardware Co.
 Seymour, Ind.

although a bullet tore a hole in his hat. His comrade who was standing next to him was shot down.

After the close of the war Mr. Weaver returned to his native country and for three years traveled for a patent right. At the close of that period he resumed his trade at Lexington and lived there until 1872. In that year he came to Seymour and has lived here continuously since that date. Mrs. Weaver died on Thanksgiving Day 1888.

For sixteen years Mr. Weaver has been a pension attorney and for the last thirty-nine years has held a notary public commission. In 1890 he was appointed G. A. R. department inspector and his report of the four hundred posts in Indiana was comprehensive. He has been twice commander of Ellsworth Post. He is the father of six children, fifteen grand children and four great grand children. Mr. Weaver is very active for a man of his years and contributes his good health to regularity of habit. He takes a keen interest in national and state news and is well informed on political questions. His memory is exceptionally good for a man of his age and he can recall many interesting events which occurred during his career as a soldier in the Union army.

Mr. Weaver is well known to the veterans of this county, many of whom consult him as pension attorney. He has witnessed the growth and many changes made in Seymour since he moved here and is interested in any move that will improve the city.

VINCENT ASTOR, AMERICA'S RICHEST BACHELOR, WEDS

Bride is Miss Helen Dinsmore Huntington, Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robt. P. Huntington.

By United Press.
 Staatsburg, N. Y., April 30—Vincent Astor, head of "The House of Astor," and the richest bachelor in America, today was married to Miss Helen Dinsmore Huntington, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert P. Huntington. The ceremony, performed at the magnificent home of the bride's parents at 12:40 o'clock by the Rev. C. H. Duncan, of St. Margaret's Episcopal Church, was unique in the annals of New York society. By mutual agreement of the bride and bridegroom and their respective families it was, perhaps, the simplest wedding ultra New York society has ever known. It was at first planned to have the ceremony performed at St. Margaret's Church, but the bridegroom's recent illness caused the change.

Less than 250 of New York's "Four Hundred" attended, the list being confined strictly to relatives and the closest personal friends of the young couple. All out of town guests came here on a special train furnished by the bridegroom for the occasion. Miss Alice Huntington, sister of the bride, was maid of honor. Herman Celrichs was best man. These were the only attendants. Wallace Goodrich, of Boston, formerly organist at old Trinity Church, Boston, played the same wedding march today that he did twenty-two years ago at the marriage of the bride's parents at St. Margaret's church here.

The bride was given away by her father. Mrs. John Astor, who divorced the bridegroom's father, Col. John Jacob Astor, came from Europe to attend the ceremony. Immediately following the ceremony and small reception, Mr. and Mrs. Astor left for their honeymoon which will include a motoring trip to England and France, and later cruise on the palatial Astor yacht Noma. The couple will make their home at Ferncliffe, which is about six miles from the Huntington mansion here.

NEWSY PARAGRAPHS.

Miss Frances Sellers, who is a student at Indiana University, was here this morning on her way home near Austin on account of sickness.

Miss Susie Garlouch returned to her home in Columbus Wednesday evening after being here on account of the sickness of her nephew, Thomas Hunter.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Herman, of Versailles, spent today here with Mr. and Mrs. Walter Chasteen on their way to Earl Lake where they will make their home.

Andrew Brooks left Wednesday evening for his home in Minneapolis, Minn., after an extended visit here with his sisters, Mrs. A. O. Moulder and Mrs. John Eastwood.

Mrs. Mary Rayner, of Osgood, was taken through here this morning to Indianapolis where she will enter the Methodist hospital for an operation for a tumor. She was accompanied by Dr. Nelson. Mrs. Rayner is a niece of Mrs. Turner Williams of this city.

In Our Clothes
 Style Is Not Thrown In
IT'S SEWN IN

And you get it with every suit in the house, no matter the price you will find the style right there, style that is authentic.

Now that the hot weather is really with us, we believe a word to you on cool stylish Summer Wear will not go amiss. We believe we can help you to look cool and to keep cool



THE UNIVERSAL STANDARD OF GOOD DRESS

Is Found in Styleplus and Collegian Brands

In these two brands you will find the best service, the best tailoring and the latest styles. The quality we guarantee to you and no matter the price you pay you will be satisfied.



Blue Serge

Blue Serges have always been a leader in popularity, now combined with the snappy styles of 1914 they are more in demand than ever.

Priced
\$10 to \$25
 The Suit

Greys

The Greys in Serge and Worsted are very popular, in fact they vie with the blues for popularity, at any rate it's a question of taste. The Greys are good.

Priced
\$7.50 to \$20
 The Suit

Browns

We can recommend the Brown shades; they are the newest and seen to have taken the popular fancy especially among the younger set.

PRICED
\$10 to \$22.50 the Suit

FURNISHING GOODS

There is an unusual opportunity for men to wear pleasing furnishing goods, the styles being very liberal, with many handsome colorings and patterns.

HOSIERY

Silk in all colors, 50c per pair.
 Silk Lisle, all colors, 25c and 50c.
 Cotton, linen heel and toe, 15c, 2 for 25c.

NECKWEAR

The wide flowing ends, finest silk, latest patterns, 50c.
 Other four-in-hands, 25c.
 Ready-made Teck and Bow Ties, 25c.

UNDERWEAR

Balbriggan separate garments, double seats, 25c and 50c per garment.
 B. V. D. Athletic Union Suits, 50c and \$1.00.
 Balbriggan Union Suits in all lengths of sleeves and legs, 50c to \$1.50.

SILK SHIRTS

Beautiful patterns with collars to match, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$3.00.
 Madras and Percales, with collars, 50c, \$1.00 and \$1.50.

JEWELRY

Cuff Buttons, Shirt Studs, Tie Pins and Holders, Watch Fobs, at reasonable prices.

CHILDREN'S AND BOYS' DEPARTMENT

We are prepared to take care of the youngsters as well as the older men of the family. Our selection is complete for the boys.

BOYS' SUITS

No better made than the "Progress" brand prices \$2.50 to \$7.50
 The "Mentor" priced \$2.00 to \$5.00.

KNEE PANTS

The boys always need extra pants. We have them in full peg tops and knickerbocker styles, prices 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50.

HQSE

The hose is of the best fast colors in plain and ribbed, 15c, 2 for 25c.
 We also have a 25c line.

WASH SUITS

A splendid selection of Wash Suits in Blouse and Russian styles, 50c, \$1, \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50.

ROMPERS

Size 2 to 8 in good washable colors, 25c and 50c.

HATS

Straw and Silk Poplins, cool and stylish, 25c, 50c and \$1.00.

ADOLPH STEINWEDEL
 17 NORTH CHESTNUT STREET